

Policy:	Publicly Funded Vaccine/Immunoglobulin Eligibility Policy			
Originating Branch:	Public Health Branch			
Original Approval Date:	July 6, 2015 <i>Effective Date:</i> July 6, 2015			
Approved By:	Dr. Shelley Deeks Deputy Chief Medica	al Officer of Health, Hea	Ith and Wellness	

Version:

May 8, 2024

1. POLICY STATEMENT

- 1.1. Providing immunization to residents of Nova Scotia is a responsibility shared between the Department of Health and Wellness (DHW), the Nova Scotia Health Authority (NSHA), the Izaak Walton Killam Health Centre (IWK), primary care providers and health care organizations.
- 1.2. The Department of Health and Wellness (DHW) provides policies, standards, and guidelines for each of the vaccine programs and procures the vaccines/immunoglobulins to be included in the publicly funded program.
- 1.3. NSHA, the IWK, primary care providers and health care organizations implement the programs to Nova Scotians in adherence with those policies, standards, and guidelines.

2. DEFINITIONS

2.1. N/A

3. POLICY OBJECTIVES

- 3.1. To protect residents of Nova Scotia and others as identified in the policy from vaccine preventable diseases.
- 3.2. To provide guidance for public health providers and other immunization providers to identify which vaccines/immunoglobulins are publicly funded in Nova Scotia and who is eligible to receive them.

4. APPLICATION

4.1. This policy applies to all public health and other immunization providers who provide publicly funded vaccine.



5. POLICY DIRECTIVES

Eligibility

5.1. Residents of Nova Scotia

- 5.1.1. All residents of Nova Scotia with a valid Nova Scotia health card are eligible to receive publicly funded vaccines/immunoglobulins as described in Appendix A.
- 5.1.2. Individuals who have become residents of Nova Scotia and started an immunization series out of province:
 - Will finish the series as appropriate based on the Nova Scotia schedule.
 - Will follow the same eligibility as residents of Nova Scotia, regardless of eligibility out of province.

5.2. Visitors and/or Temporary Residents

- 5.2.1. Vaccines/immunoglobulins, with the exception of the influenza vaccine, are not routinely provided through the publicly funded immunization program to visitors or temporary residents of Nova Scotia.
- 5.2.2. The eligibility criteria for these individuals may change based on their circumstances.
- 5.2.3. A risk assessment approach in consultation with the Medical Officer of Health is to be used when making a decision regarding immunization of non-residents with publicly funded vaccines.

5.3. School-Based Program

- 5.3.1. Youth who have moved to Nova Scotia are eligible for each of the vaccines included in the school-based program:
 - if they would have been in grade 7 (regardless of where they lived) at the time each of the vaccines were added to the school-based program. (For example, HPV for males in grade 7 was implemented in 2015); and
 - 2) if they are less than 19 years of age.
- 5.3.2. Youth who have missed or refused immunizations included in the school-based program are eligible for each of the vaccines:
 - if they would have been in grade 7 at the time the missed or refused vaccine was added to the school-based program (For example, HPV for males in grade 7 was implemented in 2015); and
 - 2) if they are less than 19 years of age.

6. POLICY GUIDELINES

- 6.1. Publicly funded vaccines may be provided through the publicly funded program to residents/non-residents of Nova Scotia as part of outbreak/pandemic management, contact management or prevention of communicable diseases in high-risk populations more susceptible regardless of residency status: immigrants, refugees and other individuals establishing residency in Nova Scotia.
- 6.2. Regardless of residency status, individuals who have started a series of immunizations as part of post exposure immunization out of province will be able to have the series completed in Nova Scotia.
- 6.3. Products included in Appendix A may vary based on national contracts and availability.

7. ACCOUNTABILITY

- 7.1. For the purpose of the administration of this policy, accountability is delegated to the Deputy Minister of Health and Wellness.
- 7.2. DHW Public Health has responsibility to ensure the policy is current, evidence informed and reviewed every two years and for on-going monitoring and enforcement of this policy.



- 7.3. The NSHA and the IWK are accountable to ensure this policy is communicated to public health staff and other immunization providers within NSHA and the IWK respectively.
- 7.4. Public Health staff and other immunization providers who provide publicly funded immunizations are responsible for adhering to this policy.

8. MONITORING / OUTCOME MEASUREMENT

- 8.1. DHW Public Health is responsible for defining strategic outcomes, and monitoring performance and effectiveness of this policy.
- 8.2. The NSHA and the IWK are responsible for monitoring the implementation of this policy.

9. REPORTS

9.1. N/A

10. REFERENCES

- **10.1.** Government of New Brunswick (2013). *Policy 2.2: Eligibility Criteria for Publicly Funded Vaccine and Biologics.*
- 10.2. Public Health Agency of Canada. Canadian Immunization Guide. Retrieved from https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/canadian-immunization-guide.html
- **10.3.** Public Health Agency of Canada. *National Advisory Committee On Immunization:* Recommendations, Statements and Updates. Retrieved from https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/national-advisorycommittee-on-immunization-naci.html

11. APPENDICES

11.1. Appendix A: Nova Scotia Publicly Funded Vaccine/Immunoglobulin Eligibility

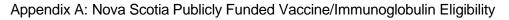
12. VERSION CONTROL

Version

May 8, 2024, replaces all previous versions.

13. INQUIRIES

Health Protection, Public Health Branch Nova Scotia Department of Health & Wellness Email: <u>cdpc@novascotia.ca</u>

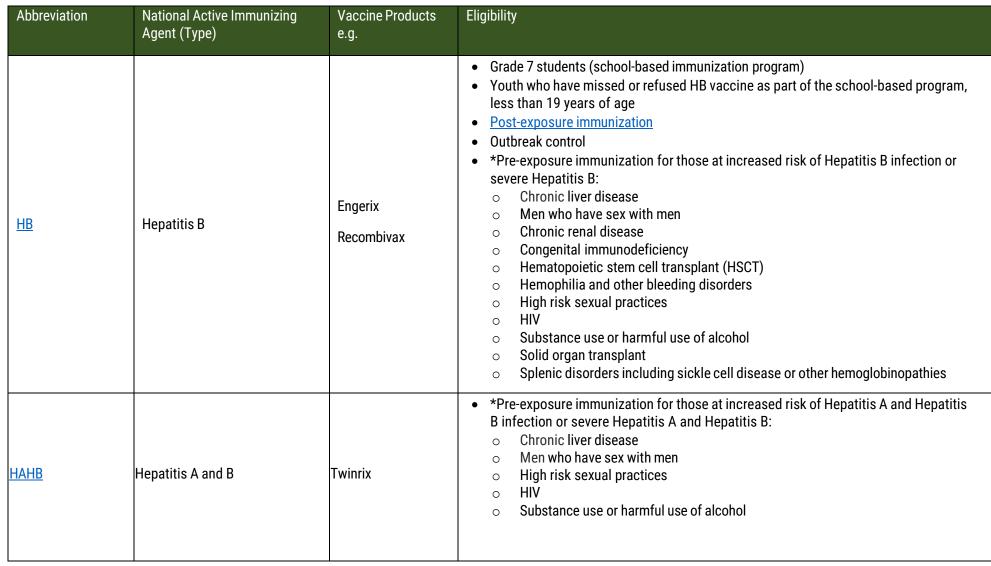


Abbreviation	National Active Immunizing Agent (Type)	Vaccine Products e.g.	Eligibility
DTaP-IPV-Hib	Diphtheria, tetanus toxoid, acellular pertussis, inactivated polio, haemophilus influenzae type b	Pediacel Pentacel	 Routine immunization of children 2 months to less than 7 years of age Note: Hib is not routinely indicated in children 5 years of age and older *Re-immunization of individuals 7 years of age and older post Hematopoietic Stem Cell Transplant (HSCT)
<u>Tdap IPV</u>	Tetanus toxoid, diphtheria, acellular pertussis, inactivated polio	Adacel Polio Boostrix Polio	 Routine immunization booster for children 4 years to less than 7 years of age Immunization of individuals 7 years to less than 18 years of age who are unimmunized or have incomplete immunization Immunization of adults who are unimmunized
<u>Tdap</u>	Tetanus toxoid, diphtheria, acellular pertussis	Adacel Boostrix	 Grade 7 students (school-based immunization program) Youth who have missed or refused Tdap vaccine as part of the school-based program, less than 19 years of age Pregnant women, in every pregnancy, irrespective of previous Tdap history Immunization of individuals 18 years of age and older who are unimmunized or have incomplete immunization Adults who require a tetanus or pertussis vaccine and have not received a pertussis containing vaccine in adulthood should receive a single dose of Tdap
<u>Td</u>	Tetanus toxoid, diphtheria	Td adsorbed	 Adult booster every 10 years following one dose of Tdap as an adult Post-exposure immunization and wound management
HA	Hepatitis A	Havrix Vaqta	 <u>Post-exposure immunization</u> Outbreak control *Pre-exposure immunization for those at increased risk of infection or severe Hepatitis A: Chronic liver disease Men who have sex with men High risk sexual practices HIV Substance use or harmful use of alcohol Individuals receiving repeated replacement of plasma derived clotting factors Children 6 months to less than 3 years of age who are living in a household with an individual who is at increased risk of infection or severe Hepatitis A

*Refer to the publicly funded vaccine eligibility for individuals at high risk of acquiring vaccine preventable disease policy for eligibility criteria.



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Appendix A: Nova Scotia Publicly Funded Vaccine/Immunoglobulin Eligibility

Abbreviation	National Active Immunizing Agent (Type)	Vaccine Products e.g.	Eligibility
<u>HPV</u>	Human papillomavirus	Gardasil	 Grade 7 students (school-based immunization program) Youth who have missed or refused HPV vaccine as part of the school- based program less than 19 years of age Men who have sex with men- for those less than 46 years of age *Pre-exposure immunization for the following high-risk condition: HIV- for those less than 46 years of age
Inf	Influenza - inactivated	Fluzone FluLaval Tetra	Quadrivalent standard dose products: Residents and non-residents of NS, 6 months of age and older
		FLUAD Fluzone High Dose	 Enhanced influenza product: Individuals 65 years of age and older.
<u>IPV</u>	Inactivated polio	Imovax Polio	• Immunization of adults who are unimmunized or have incomplete immunization with polio vaccine or combination vaccines such as Tdap-IPV.

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NOVASCOTIA Health and Wellness

Abbreviation	National Active Immunizing Agent (Type)	Vaccine Products e.g.	Eligibility
<u>Men-B</u>	Meningococcal B	Bexsero	 Post-exposure immunization for Serotype B invasive meningococcal disease Individuals who have recovered from Serotype B invasive meningococcal disease Outbreak control *Pre-exposure immunization for the following high-risk conditions: Congenital immunodeficiency Hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) HIV Immunosuppressive therapy using eculizumab (Solaris) Solid organ transplant Splenic disorders including sickle cell disease or other hemoglobinopathies Youth less than 26 years of age moving into congregate-living settings for the first time: Those entering post-secondary studies and living in a congregate-living setting. First time military trainees who will be living in a military congregate-living setting. Those living in a youth congregate living setting not otherwise defined e.g., Nova Scotia Youth Centre, youth community residential setting, or youth shelter, etc.
Men-C-C	Meningococcal - Conjugate	NeisVac-C Menjugate	 Routine immunization of children less than 5 years of age <u>Post-exposure immunization</u> for Serotype C Outbreak control

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Abbreviation	National Active Immunizing Agent (Type)	Vaccine Products e.g.	Eligibility
<u>Men-C-ACWY</u>	Meningococcal - Conjugate	Menveo Menactra Nimenrix	 Grade 7 students (school-based immunization program) Youth who have missed or refused meningococcal vaccine as part of the school-based program less than 19 years of age Post-exposure immunization for Serotypes A, C, W, Y Outbreak control *Pre-exposure immunization for the following high-risk conditions: Congenital immunodeficiency Hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) HIV Immunosuppressive therapy using eculizumab (Solaris) Solid organ transplant Splenic disorders including sickle cell disease or other hemoglobinopathies

Health and W



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Appendix A: Nova Scotia Publicly Funded Vaccine/Immunoglobulin Eligibility

Abbreviation	National Active Immunizing Agent (Type)	Vaccine Products e.g.	Eligibility
MMR	Measles, mumps, rubella	MMR 11 Priorix	 Routine immunization of children if not receiving MMRV. Immunization of children 6 months to less than 12 months of age travelling to regions where measles is endemic or there is substantial community-based transmission during an outbreak. (Consult local public health if unsure) (https://travel.gc.ca/travelling/health-safety/travel-health-notices) Adults born before 1970 without measles immunity** travelling to regions where measles is endemic or there is substantial community-based transmission during an outbreak. 1 dose of measles-containing vaccine Adults born before 1970 or later without measles immunity** Students born before 1970 in post-secondary education settings- 1 dose of measles-containing vaccine Health care workers regardless of age and year of birth- 2 doses of measles-containing vaccine Post-partum women who are found to be non-immune to rubella Post-exposure immunization (Measles, Mumps and Rubella) Outbreak control *Pre-exposure immunization for the following high-risk conditions once immunocompetent: Hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) HIV Immunosuppressive therapy Solid organ transplant **Measles immunity is defined as: Documentation of vaccination: If born in or after 1970: 2 doses If born before 1970: 1 dose OR History of laboratory confirmed infection OR

NO

Abbreviation	National Active Immunizing Agent (Type)	Vaccine Products e.g.	Eligibility
<u>MMRV</u>	Measles, mumps, rubella & varicella	Priorix Tetra	 Routine immunization of children, less than 13 years of age, born 2006 and later and not previously immunized with MMR and Varicella are eligible for 2 doses Infants 6 months to less than 12 months of age who received one dose of MMR for travel still require the routine childhood 2 dose schedule *Pre-exposure for the following high-risk conditions in children less than 13 years of age, once immunocompetent: <u>Hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT)</u> <u>HIV</u> Immunosuppressive therapy Solid organ transplant



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Abbreviation	National Active Immunizing Agent (Type)	Vaccine Products e.g.	Eligibility
<u>Var</u>	Varicella	Varivax	 Routine immunization of children not receiving MMRV Individuals born 1996 -2005 are eligible for one dose (the first dose) of varicella vaccine Individuals born in 2006 and later are eligible for 2 doses of varicella vaccine if not receiving MMRV Post-exposure immunization *Pre-exposure immunization for the following high-risk conditions once immunocompetent (if not receiving MMRV): Hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) HIV Immunosuppressive therapy Solid organ transplant *Pre-exposure immunization for the following high-risk conditions (if not receiving MMRV): Chronic renal disease Chronic salicylate therapy Gystic fibrosis Splenic disorders Pre-exposure immunization for others (if not receiving MMRV): Non-immune health care workers Post-partum women who are found to be non-immune to varicella Non-immune individuals <i>who live with or care</i> for anyone in the following categories: leukemia (except Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia) Iymphoma other malignancies affecting the bone marrow or lymphatic system other defects of cell-mediated immunity

Abbreviation	National Active Immunizing Agent (Type)	Vaccine Products e.g.	Eligibility
Pneu-C-15	Pneumococcal- Conjugate	Vaxneuvance	 Routine immunization of children who have not previously received a pneumococcal vaccine. If the series was started with Pneu-C-13, it should be completed with Pneu-C-15 Catch up immunization for children until their 18th birthday
Pneu-C-20	Pneumococcal Conjugate	Prevnar 20	 Routine immunization of adults 65 years and older who have not previously received a pneumococcal vaccine. *Pre-exposure immunization for individuals 2 months and older with high-risk medical or living conditions: Cancers Congenital Immunodeficiency Chronic cerebral spinal fluid (CSF) leak Chronic liver disease Chronic neurological conditions that may impair clearance of oral secretions Cochear implants including those scheduled to receive implants Diabetes Congenital immunodeficiency Cystic fibrosis Chronic heard disease Hermatopicatic stem cell transplant (HSCT) HIV Homelessness Substance use or harmful use of alcohol Immunosuppressive therapy Residing in long term care facilities Living in communities or settings experiencing sustained high invasive pneumococcal disease (IPD) rates as determined by Public Health Solid organ transplant Splenic disorders including asplenia, sickle cell disease or other hemoglobinopathies



Abbreviation	National Active Immunizing Agent (Type)	Vaccine Products e.g.	Eligibility
Pneu-C-20 (continued)	Pneumococcal Conjugate	Prevnar 20	 *Pre-exposure immunization for individuals 2 months until their 18th birthday with asthma requiring acute medical care in the past 12 months *Pre-exposure immunization for individuals 50 years until their 65th birthday with asthma requiring treatment within the past 12 months Smokers 50 years until their 65th birthday All eligible individuals with the above high-risk medical or living conditions: Catch up immunization for infants and children If a series was started with Pneu-C-13 or Pneu-C-15, it should be completed with Pneu-C-20 If a series was started with Pneu-P-23, it should be completed with Pneu-C-20 For schedule and dosing recommendations consult the <u>Canadian Immunization Guide</u> and/or a specialist.
<u>Rab</u>	Rabies	lmovax Rabies Rabavert	Post-exposure immunization
<u>RV</u>	Rotavirus	RotaTeq	Routine immunization of children less than 8 months of age.



Appendix A: Nova Scotia Publicly Funded Vaccine/Immunoglobulin Eligibility

Other Biological Products (Canadian Immunization Guide)



Abbreviation	National Agent (Type)	Trade Name E.g.	Eligibility
BAtx	Botulism antitoxin		 People with established or suspected botulism (therapeutic) Asymptomatic people strongly suspected of having eaten food contaminated with botulism toxin (prophylaxis)
DAtx	Diphtheria antitoxin		Clinical suspicion of diphtheria regardless of bacteriological confirmation
lg	Immunoglobulin	GamaSTAN	 Hepatitis A Post exposure prophylaxis for the following: Infants less than 6 months of age Immunocompromised people who may not respond to the vaccine Immunocompetent individuals 60 years of age and older Individuals with chronic liver disease People for whom Hepatitis A vaccine is contraindicated Measles (Rubeola) Post exposure prophylaxis for the following susceptible contacts of measles: Infants less than 6 months of age Infants less than 6 months of age Immunologically compromised individuals for whom measles vaccine is contraindicated

*Refer to the publicly funded vaccine eligibility for individuals at high risk of acquiring vaccine preventable disease policy for eligibility criteria.

Abbreviation	National Agent (Type)	Trade Name E.g.	Eligibility
HBlg	Hepatitis B immunoglobulin	HepaGamB HyperHEPB	 <u>Post exposure prophylaxis</u> for the following high-risk situations: Acute percutaneous or mucosal exposure to blood containing Hepatitis B virus Perinatal exposure of infants born to birthing parents with acute or chronic Hepatitis B virus Sexual contacts of individuals with acute or chronic Hepatitis B
Rablg	Rabies immunoglobulin	HyperRAB	Post exposure prophylaxis
Tlg	Tetanus immunoglobulin	HyperTET	Post exposure prophylaxis/wound management
Varlg	Varicella immunoglobulin	VariZIG	 Post exposure prophylaxis for some people with the following high-risk conditions: Pregnant people Immunocompromised patients, such as those with congenital or acquired immunodeficiency Newborn infants of birthing parents who have varicella that began during the 5 days before to 48 hours after delivery For the management of significant varicella exposure in a neonatal or pediatric intensive care setting, consultation with the infectious diseases/infection control specialist regarding the potential use of VariZIG[™] is advised

