

# RESPIRATORY WATCH

Week 13 (March 26 to April 1, 2017)\*

## IN SUMMARY...

## Activity levels\*\*

- Zone 1, 2 and 4 are reporting localized activity. Zone 3 has sporadic activity.
- 5 Influenza outbreaks were reported in Zones 1, 2 and 4.

## Laboratory-confirmed cases\*\*\*

- There were 29 influenza A and 0 influenza B case reported during this week. There have been 359 lab confirmed cases of Influenza A and 13 influenza B reported during the 2016-2017 influenza season.
- Positive test results were received for adenovirus, coronavirus, pertussis, and RSV.

#### Severity

• There have been 18 ICU admissions and 16 deaths\*\*\* of laboratory confirmed influenza during the 2016-2017 influenza season.

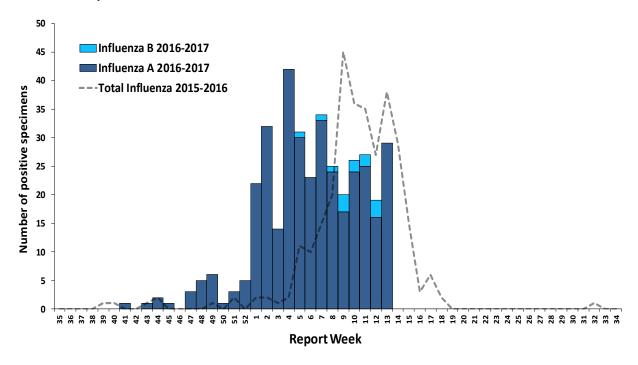
# Syndromic surveillance

- The average ILI rate for Nova Scotia during this reporting period was 1.1.
- 97.5% of emergency rooms reported ILI data during this reporting period. Yarmouth Regional Hospital did not report ILI data.

Notes: \*Reporting weeks run from Sunday to Saturday. The 2016-2017 influenza season is defined using PHAC's influenza surveillance weeks. This year runs from August 28, 2016 (Week 35) to August 26, 2017 (Week 34);

#### LABORATORY-CONFIRMED INFLUENZA CASES

Figure 1: Number of laboratory confirmed influenza cases by report week, 2016-2017 season, with trend-line comparison to 2015-2016 season, Nova Scotia.



<sup>\*\*</sup>Activity level data is obtained from CNPHI, see appendix for definitions;

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Deaths include individuals with a positive influenza test result, influenza may not have been the major contributing cause of death or hospitalization.

Table 1: Number of laboratory-confirmed influenza cases by zone, current week and cumulative 2016-2017 season in Nova Scotia.

ZONE	CURRENT WEEK			CUMULATIVE 2016-2017		
ZONE	TOTAL	INFLUENZA A	INFLUENZA B	TOTAL	INFLUENZA A	INFLUENZA B
Western	6	6	0	81	80	1
Northern	6	6	0	33	33	0
Eastern	4	4	0	91	87	4
Central	13	13	0	167	159	8
<b>Nova Scotia Total</b>	29	29	0	372	359	13

Table 2: Number of laboratory-confirmed influenza cases by age group, current week and cumulative 2016-2017 season in Nova Scotia.

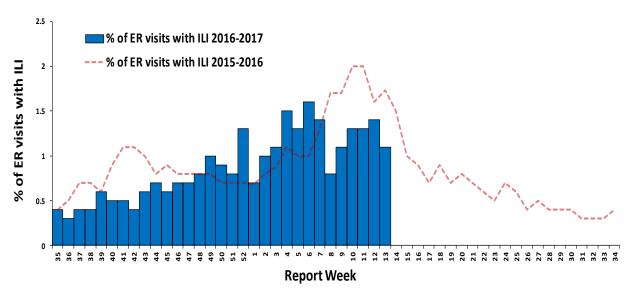
AGE T	CURRENT WEEK			CUMULATIVE 2016-2017		
	TOTAL	INFLUENZA A	INFLUENZA B	TOTAL	INFLUENZA A	INFLUENZA B
0-4	2	2	0	21	20	1
5-19	0	0	0	14	12	2
20-44	1	1	0	15	14	1
45-64	3	3	0	37	36	1
65+	23	23	0	285	277	8
Nova Scotia Total	29	29	0	372	359	13

Table 3: Hospitalizations, ICU admissions and deaths for influenza positive patients, current week and cumulative, 2016-2017 season, Nova Scotia.

OUTCOME	CURRENT WEEK			CUMULATIVE 2016-2017		
OUTCOME	TOTAL	INFLUENZA A	INFLUENZA B	TOTAL	INFLUENZA A	INFLUENZA B
Hospitalized	14	14	0	209	202	7
Hospitalized - ICU	0	0	0	15	18	0
Deceased*	0	0	0	16	16	0
<b>Nova Scotia Total</b>	14	14	0	240	236	7

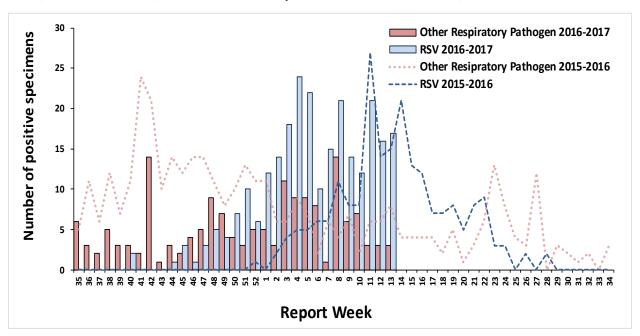
## **SYNDROMIC SURVEILLANCE**

Figure 2: Percentage of emergency room visits due to ILI by report week, 2016-2017 season, with trend-line comparison to 2015-2016 season, Nova Scotia.



#### **OTHER RESPIRATORY PATHOGENS**

Figure 3: Number of positive specimens tested for other respiratory pathogens\* and RSV by report week, 2016-2017 season, with trend-line comparison to 2015-2016 season, Nova Scotia.



<sup>\*</sup> Other respiratory pathogen includes Adenovirus, Bocavirus, Chlamydophila pneumonia, Coronovirus, Enterovirus, Metapneumovirus, Mycoplasma pneumoniae, Parainfluenza, Pertussis, Rhinovirus.

Note that data for this figure is obtained from provincial laboratories.

Table 4: Number of positive RSV specimens by age group, 2016-2017 season, Nova Scotia.

AGE GROUP	2016-2017
0-5 months	73
6-11 months	22
12-23 months	28
2-5 years	33
6-15 years	2
16-65 years	11
65+ years	89
Nova Scotia Total	258

Table 5: Number of positive specimens tested for other respiratory pathogens, current report week and cumulative season, Nova Scotia, 2016–2017.

PATHOGEN	CURRENT WEEK (n positive)	CUMULATIVE 2016-2017
Adenovirus	1	4
Bocavirus	0	2
Chlamydophila pneumoniae	0	7
Coronavirus	1	26
Enterovirus	0	5
Metapneumovirus	0	9
Mycoplasma pneumoniae	0	24
Parainfluenza	0	18
Pertussis	1	36
Respiratory Syncytial Virus	17	258
Rhinovirus	0	32

#### APPENDIX: DEFINITIONS USED IN INFLUENZA SURVEILLANCE, AND USEFUL LINKS, 2016-2017

#### **ACRONYM LIST**

**CNPHI** Canadian Network for Public Health Intelligence

ICU Intensive care unitILI Influenza-like illnessRSV Respiratory syncytial virus

#### **ILI CASE DEFINITION**

Acute onset of respiratory illness with fever and cough and with one or more of the following – sore throat, arthralgia, myalgia or prostration which is likely due to influenza. In children under 5, gastrointestinal symptoms may also be present. In patients under 5 or 65 and older, fever may not be prominent.

#### **MANAGEMENT ZONES**

Zone 1 – Western

Zone 2 - Northern

**Zone 3**– Eastern

Zone 4 - Central

#### NATIONAL FLUWATCH DEFINITIONS FOR INFLUENZA ACTIVITY LEVELS

No activity	No laboratory-confirmed influenza detections in the reporting week, however,			
	sporadically occurring ILI* may be reported			
Sporadic	Sporadically occurring ILI* and lab confirmed influenza detection(s) with <b>no</b>			
	outbreaks detected within the influenza surveillance region			
Localized	(1) Evidence of increased ILI* and			
	(2) lab confirmed influenza detection(s) together with			
	(3) outbreaks occurring in schools, hospitals, residential institutions and/or			
	other types of facilities occurring in less than 50% of the influenza			
	surveillance region			
Widespread	(1) Evidence of increased ILI* and			
	(2) lab confirmed influenza detection(s) together with			
	(3) outbreaks occurring in schools, hospitals, residential institutions and/or			
	other types of facilities occurring in greater than or equal to 50% of the			
	influenza surveillance region			

#### **LINKS TO OTHER WEEKLY INFLUENZA REPORTING BODIES**

Canada: <a href="http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/fluwatch/">http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/fluwatch/</a>

World: https://www.who.int/influenza/surveillance\_monitoring/updates/latest\_update\_GIP\_surveillance\_monitoring/updates/latest\_update\_GIP\_surveillance\_monitoring/updates/latest\_update\_GIP\_surveillance\_monitoring/updates/latest\_update\_GIP\_surveillance\_monitoring/updates/latest\_update\_GIP\_surveillance\_monitoring/updates/latest\_update\_GIP\_surveillance\_monitoring/updates/latest\_update\_GIP\_surveillance\_monitoring/updates/latest\_update\_GIP\_surveillance\_monitoring/updates/latest\_update\_GIP\_surveillance\_monitoring/updates/latest\_update\_GIP\_surveillance\_monitoring/updates/latest\_update\_GIP\_surveillance\_monitoring/updates/latest\_update\_GIP\_surveillance\_monitoring/updates/latest\_update\_GIP\_surveillance\_monitoring/updates/latest\_update\_GIP\_surveillance\_monitoring/updates/latest\_update\_GIP\_surveillance\_monitoring/updates/latest\_updates/lates\_updates/latest\_update

e/en/index.html

US: www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly