

# **RESPIRATORY WATCH**

Week 14 (April 2 to April 8, 2017)\*

# **IN SUMMARY...**

Ac	tivity levels**
•	Zone 4 is reporting localized activity, while Zones 1 and 2 have sporadic activity. Zone 3 has no activity. activity. 5 Influenza outbreaks were reported in Zone 4.
La	boratory-confirmed cases***
•	There were 14 influenza A and 5 influenza B case reported during this week. There have been 374 lab confirmed cases of Influenza A and 18 influenza B reported during the 2016-2017 influenza season. Positive test results were received for bocavirus, metapheumovirus, parainfluenza pertussis, rhinovirus and RSV.
Se	verity
•	There have been 20 ICU admissions and 23 deaths*** of laboratory confirmed influenza during the 2016-2017 influenza season.
Sy	ndromic surveillance
•	The average ILI rate for Nova Scotia during this reporting period was 1.0. 100% of emergency rooms reported ILI data during this reporting period. *Reporting weeks run from Sunday to Saturday. The 2016-2017 influenza season is defined using PHAC's influenza surveillance weeks. This year runs from

August 28, 2016 (Week 35) to August 26, 2017 (Week 34);

\*\*Activity level data is obtained from CNPHI, see appendix for definitions;

\*\*\*Deaths include individuals with a positive influenza test result, influenza may not have been the major contributing cause of death or hospitalization.

## LABORATORY-CONFIRMED INFLUENZA CASES

Figure 1: Number of laboratory confirmed influenza cases by report week, 2016-2017 season, with trend-line comparison to 2015-2016 season, Nova Scotia.

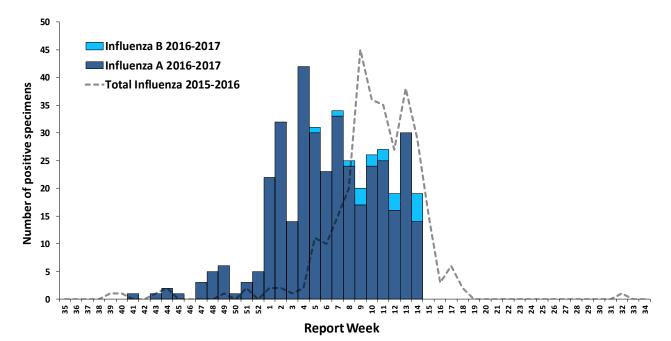


Table 1: Number of laboratory-confirmed influenza cases by zone, current week and cumulative 2016-2017 season in Nova Scotia.

ZONE	CURRENT WEEK			CUMULATIVE 2016-2017		
	TOTAL	INFLUENZA A	INFLUENZA B	TOTAL	INFLUENZA A	INFLUENZA B
Western	8	8	0	90	89	1
Northern	1	0	1	34	33	1
Eastern	0	0		91	87	4
Central	10	6	4	177	165	12
Nova Scotia Total	19	14	5	392	374	18

 Table 2: Number of laboratory-confirmed influenza cases by age group, current week and cumulative 2016-2017 season in Nova Scotia.

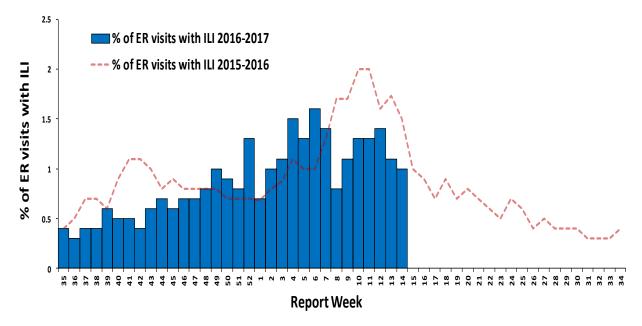
AGE	CURRENT WEEK			CUI	CUMULATIVE 2016-2017		
AGE	TOTAL	INFLUENZA A	INFLUENZA B	TOTAL	INFLUENZA A	INFLUENZA B	
0-4	2	1	1	23	21	2	
5-19	2	0	2	16	12	4	
20-44	1	0	1	16	14	2	
45-64	2	1	1	39	37	2	
65+	12	12	0	298	290	8	
Nova Scotia Total	19	14	5	392	374	18	

Table 3: Hospitalizations, ICU admissions and deaths for influenza positive patients, current week and cumulative, 2016-2017 season, Nova Scotia.

OUTCOME	CURRENT WEEK			CUI	MULATIVE 2016-2017		
OUTCOME	TOTAL	INFLUENZA A	INFLUENZA B	TOTAL	INFLUENZA A	INFLUENZA B	
Hospitalized	11	8	3	218	208	10	
Hospitalized - ICU	1	1	0	20	20	0	
Deceased*	0	0	0	23	23	0	
Nova Scotia Total	12	9	3	261	251	10	

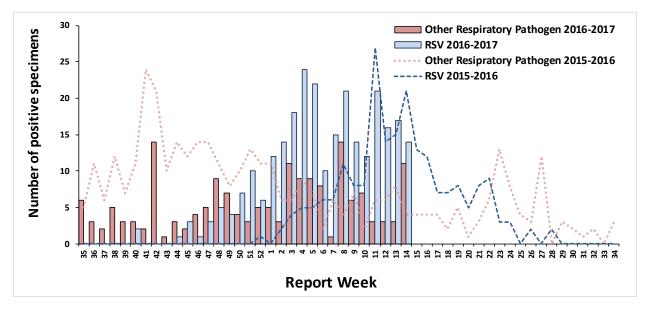
# **SYNDROMIC SURVEILLANCE**

Figure 2: Percentage of emergency room visits due to ILI by report week, 2016-2017 season, with trend-line comparison to 2015-2016 season, Nova Scotia.



### **OTHER RESPIRATORY PATHOGENS**

Figure 3: Number of positive specimens tested for other respiratory pathogens\* and RSV by report week, 2016-2017 season, with trend-line comparison to 2015-2016 season, Nova Scotia.



\* Other respiratory pathogen includes Adenovirus, Bocavirus, Chlamydophila pneumonia, Coronovirus, Enterovirus, Metapneumovirus, Mycoplasma pneumoniae, Parainfluenza, Pertussis, Rhinovirus. Note that data for this figure is obtained from provincial laboratories.

AGE GROUP	2016-2017
0-5 months	77
6-11 months	24
12-23 months	28
2-5 years	34
6-15 years	2
16-65 years	13
65+ years	94
Nova Scotia Total	272

Table 4: Number of positive RSV specimens by age group, 2016-2017 season, Nova Scotia.

Table 5: Number of positive specimens tested for other respiratory pathogens, current report week and cumulative season, Nova Scotia, 2016–2017.

PATHOGEN	CURRENT WEEK (n positive)	CUMULATIVE 2016-2017
Adenovirus	0	4
Bocavirus	0	3
Chlamydophila pneumoniae	0	7
Coronavirus	0	26
Enterovirus	0	5
Metapneumovirus	1	10
Mycoplasma pneumoniae	0	24
Parainfluenza	1	19
Pertussis	7	43
Respiratory Syncytial Virus	14	272
Rhinovirus	1	33

#### APPENDIX: DEFINITIONS USED IN INFLUENZA SURVEILLANCE, AND USEFUL LINKS, 2016-2017

#### **ACRONYM LIST**

**CNPHI** Canadian Network for Public Health Intelligence

- ICU Intensive care unit
- ILI Influenza-like illness
- **RSV** Respiratory syncytial virus

#### **ILI CASE DEFINITION**

Acute onset of respiratory illness with fever and cough and with one or more of the following – sore throat, arthralgia, myalgia or prostration which is likely due to influenza. In children under 5, gastrointestinal symptoms may also be present. In patients under 5 or 65 and older, fever may not be prominent.

#### MANAGEMENT ZONES

- Zone 1 Western
- Zone 2 Northern
- Zone 3– Eastern
- Zone 4 Central

#### NATIONAL FLUWATCH DEFINITIONS FOR INFLUENZA ACTIVITY LEVELS

No activity	No laboratory-confirmed influenza detections in the reporting week, however,					
	sporadically occurring ILI* may be reported					
Sporadic	Sporadically occurring ILI* and lab confirmed influenza detection(s) with <b>no</b>					
	outbreaks detected within the influenza surveillance region					
Localized	(1) Evidence of increased ILI* and					
	(2) lab confirmed influenza detection(s) together with					
	(3) outbreaks occurring in schools, hospitals, residential institutions and/or					
	other types of facilities occurring in less than 50% of the influenza					
	surveillance region					
Widespread	(1) Evidence of increased ILI* and					
	(2) lab confirmed influenza detection(s) together with					
	(3) outbreaks occurring in schools, hospitals, residential institutions and/or					
	other types of facilities occurring in greater than or equal to 50% of the					
	influenza surveillance region					

LINKS TO OTHER WEEKLY INFLUENZA REPORTING BODIES

Canada: <a href="http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/fluwatch/">http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/fluwatch/</a>

World:<u>https://www.who.int/influenza/surveillance\_monitoring/updates/latest\_update\_GIP\_surveillance\_e/en/index.html</u>

US: <u>www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly</u>