

## **RESPIRATORY WATCH**

Week 09 (February 26, 2023 to March 04, 2023)

### In Summary...

# Activity levels\* No activity was reported in Western, Eastern and Central Zone. Sporadic activity was reported in Northern Zone during Week 9. Laboratory-confirmed cases\*\*

### • There were 2 new cases of Influenza A, and no new cases of Influenza B reported during Week 9.

- There have been 3,417 laboratory confirmed cases of Influenza A and 2 laboratory confirmed case of Influenza B reported during the 2022-2023 influenza season.
- There were also 2 Adenovirus, 1 Coronavirus\*\*\*, 3 Enterovirus/Rhinovirus, 3 Metapneumovirus, 2 Parainfluenza and 22 Respiratory Syncytial Virus cases identified during this reporting period.

### Severity

- There was 1 hospitalization (non-ICU) for influenza A during week 9.
- During the 2022-2023 influenza season there have been:
  - 511 hospitalizations (non-ICU)
  - 35 ICU admissions
  - 66 deaths\*\*\*\* of laboratory confirmed influenza

### Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19)

• For current epidemiology of COVID-19 please refer to: <u>https://novascotia.ca/coronavirus/alerts-notices/#epidemiologic-summaries</u>

### Syndromic surveillance

The percentage of visits for influenza like illness (ILI) was 0.6% during this reporting period.

**Notes:** A reporting week runs from Sunday to Saturday. The 2022-2023 influenza season is defined using PHAC's influenza surveillance weeks. This year runs from August 28, 2022 (Week 35) to August 26, 2023 (Week 34).

Due to lag in notifications, some influenza cases, and outcomes (hospitalizations, ICU admissions and deaths) are reported to the Department of Health and Wellness outside the reporting period they occurred in; these cases will be included in cumulative counts.

Outcome categories (hospitalized hospitalized-ICU, Deceased) are mutually exclusive, and the most severe outcome will be reported for an individual. If a case experiences a more severe outcome in a later reporting period, it is possible for case counts to decrease in a less severe outcome (e.g., move from ICU to death)

\*Activity level is obtained from CNPHI, see appendix for definitions.

\*\*There has been a change in testing methods with the implementation of multiplex respiratory virus PCR for 2019-nCoV. This may increase the number of cases detected through the flu season.

\*\*\*Excludes novel coronavirus (2019-nCoV)

\*\*\*\*Deaths include individuals with laboratory confirmed influenza. Influenza may or may not have been the major contributing cause of death or hospitalization.

#### LABORATORY-CONFIRMED INFLUENZA CASES

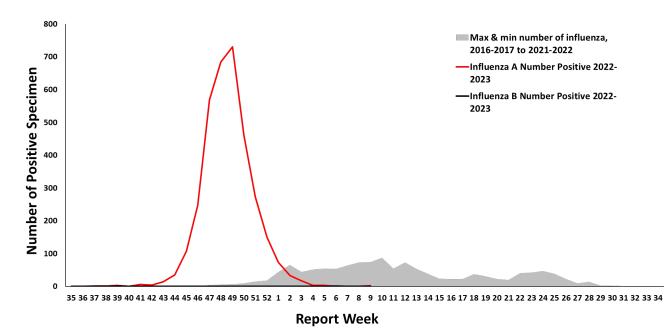


Figure 1: Number of laboratory confirmed influenza cases by report week, 2022-2023 season, Nova Scotia

**Notes:** There has been a change in testing methods with the implementation of multiplex respiratory virus PCR for 2019-nCoV. This may increase the number of cases detected through the 2022-2023 flu season.

### Table 1: Number of laboratory-confirmed influenza cases by zone, current week andcumulative 2022-2023 season in Nova Scotia

ZONE	WEEK 9			CUMULATIVE 2022-2023		
	TOTAL	INFLUENZA A	INFLUENZA B	TOTAL	INFLUENZA A	INFLUENZA B
Western	0	0	0	891	891	0
Northern	2	2	0	1097	1097	0
Eastern	0	0	0	634	634	0
Central	0	0	0	797	795	2
Nova Scotia Total	2	2	0	3419	3417	2

**Notes:** Due to lag in notifications, some influenza cases and outcomes (hospitalizations, ICU admissions and deaths) are reported to the Department of Health and Wellness outside the reporting period they occurred in; these cases will be included in cumulative counts.

AGE (YEARS)	WEEK 9			CUMULATIVE 2022-2023		
	TOTAL	INFLUENZA A	INFLUENZA B	TOTAL	INFLUENZA A	INFLUENZA B
0-4	0	0	0	390	389	1
5-19	0	0	0	687	687	0
20-44	1	1	0	799	799	0
45-64	0	0	0	562	562	0
65+	0	1	0	981	980	1
Nova Scotia Total	1	2	0	3419	3417	2

### Table 2: Number of laboratory-confirmed influenza cases by age (years), current week, and cumulative 2022-2023 season in Nova Scotia

**Notes:** Due to lag in notifications, some influenza cases and outcomes (hospitalizations, ICU admissions and deaths) are reported to the Department of Health and Wellness outside the reporting period they occurred in, these cases will be included in cumulative counts.

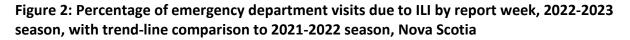
### Table 3: Hospitalizations, ICU admissions and deaths for influenza positive patients, current week and cumulative, 2022-2023 season, Nova Scotia

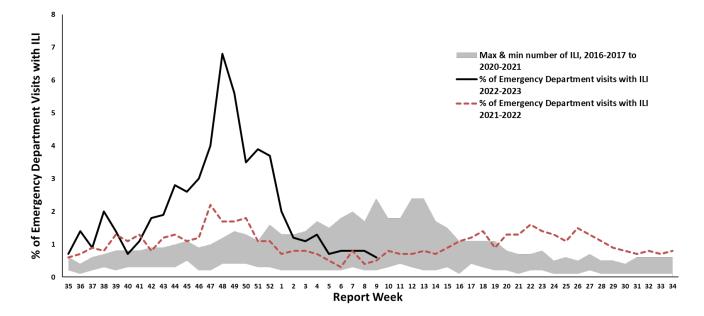
AGE (YEARS)	WEEK 9			CUMULATIVE 2022-2023		
	Hospitalized	Hospitalized - ICU	Deceased*	Hospitalized	Hospitalized - ICU	Deceased*
0-4	0	0	0	54	4	0
5-19	0	0	0	41	2	0
20-44	0	0	0	42	1	4
45-64	0	0	0	78	8	9
65+	1	0	0	296	20	53
Nova Scotia Total	1	0	0	511	35	66

**Notes:** Due to lag in notifications, some influenza cases, and outcomes (hospitalizations, ICU admissions and deaths) are reported to the Department of Health and Wellness outside the reporting period they occurred in; these cases will be included in cumulative counts. Outcome categories (hospitalized hospitalized-ICU, Deceased) are mutually exclusive, and the most severe outcome will be reported for an individual. If a case experiences a more severe outcome in a later reporting period, it is possible for case counts to decrease in a less severe outcome (e.g., move from ICU to death)

\* Deaths include individuals with laboratory confirmed influenza. Influenza may or may not have been the major contributing cause of death or hospitalization.

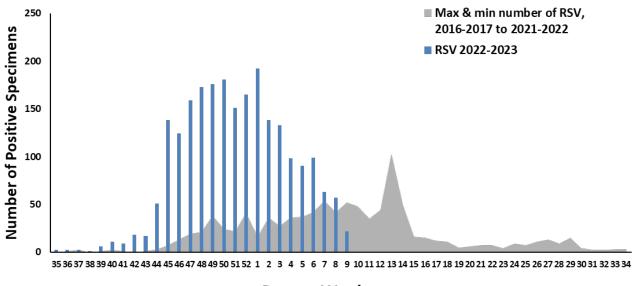
### **SYNDROMIC SURVEILLANCE**





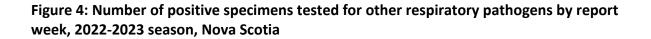
#### **OTHER RESPIRATORY PATHOGENS**

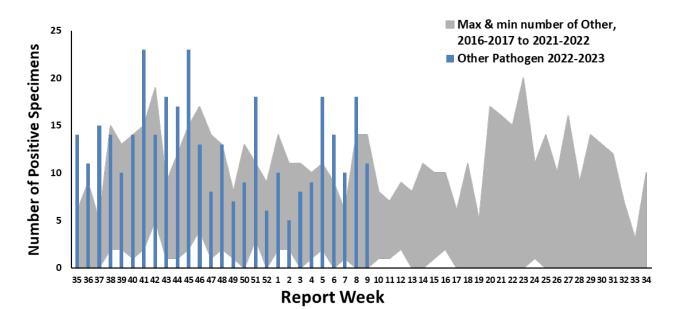
Figure 3: Number of positive specimens tested for RSV by report week, 2022-2023 season, Nova Scotia



**Report Week** 

Notes RSV is not a notifiable disease in Nova Scotia.





**Notes:** Other respiratory pathogen includes Adenovirus, Bocavirus, Chlamydophila pneumonia, Coronavirus, Enterovirus, Metapneumovirus, Mycoplasma pneumoniae, Parainfluenza, Pertussis, Rhinovirus. Data for this figure are obtained from provincial laboratories.

Table 4: Number of positive RSV specimens by age group, current report week and cumulative 2022-2023 season, Nova Scotia

AGE GROUP	Week 9	Cumulative 2022-2023
0-5 months	2	279
6-11 months	1	96
12-23 months	1	207
2-5 years	3	313
6-15 years	0	111
16-64 years	8	475
65+ years	7	797
Totals (n)	22	2278

Table 5: Number of positive specimens tested for other respiratory pathogens, current reportweek and cumulative 2022-2023 season, Nova Scotia

Pathogen	WEEK 9	CUMULATIVE 2022-2023
Adenovirus	2	39
Bocavirus	0	0
Chlamydophila pneumoniae	0	2
Coronavirus*	1	36
Enterovirus/Rhinovirus	3	200
Metapneumovirus	3	18
Mycoplasma pneumoniae	0	0
Parainfluenza	2	51
Pertussis	0	4

\*Notes: EXCLUDES novel coronavirus (2019-nCoV)

### APPENDIX: DEFINITIONS USED IN INFLUENZA SURVEILLANCE AND USEFUL LINKS, 2022-2023

### **ACRONYM LIST**

CNPHI Canadian Network for Public Health Intelligence

- ICU Intensive care unit
- ILI Influenza-like illness
- **RSV** Respiratory syncytial virus

### **ILI CASE DEFINITION**

Acute onset of respiratory illness with fever and cough and with one or more of the following – sore throat, arthralgia, myalgia or prostration which is likely due to influenza. In children under 5, gastrointestinal symptoms may also be present. In patients under 5 or 65 and older, fever may not be prominent.

#### NATIONAL FLUWATCH DEFINITIONS FOR INFLUENZA ACTIVITY LEVELS

No activity	No laboratory-confirmed influenza detections in the reporting week,			
	however, sporadically occurring ILI* may be reported			
Sporadic	Sporadically occurring ILI* and lab confirmed influenza detection(s) with			
	no outbreaks detected within the influenza surveillance region			
Localized	(1) Evidence of increased ILI* and			
	(2) lab confirmed influenza detection(s) together with			
	(3) outbreaks occurring in schools, hospitals, residential institutions			
	and/or other types of facilities occurring in less than 50% of the			
	influenza surveillance region			
Widespread	(1) Evidence of increased ILI* and			
	(2) lab confirmed influenza detection(s) together with			
	(3) outbreaks occurring in schools, hospitals, residential institutions			
	and/or other types of facilities occurring in greater than or equal to			
	50% of the influenza surveillance region			

LINKS TO OTHER WEEKLY INFLUENZA REPORTING BODIES

Canada: <u>http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/fluwatch/</u>

World: <u>https://www.who.int/teams/global-influenza-programme/surveillance-and-</u>

monitoring/influenza-updates/current-influenza-update

US: <u>www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly</u>