# LEPROSY (HANSEN'S DISEASE)

## **Case Definition**

## **Confirmed Case:**

Clinical illness with laboratory confirmation:

- Positive acid fast stain with typical morphology for Mycobacterium leprae.
- Histopathological report from skin or nerve biopsy compatible with leprosy.

#### **Probable Case:**

Clinical illness in a person who is epidemiologically linked to a confirmed case.

#### **Clinical Evidence**

- <u>Tuberculoid or paucibacillary disease</u>
  - One or a few well-demarcated, hypopigmented and anesthetic skin lesions, frequently with active, spreading edges and a clearing centre; peripheral nerve swelling or thickening may also occur.
- <u>Lepromatous or multibacillary disease</u>
  - Erythematous papules and nodules or an infiltration of the face, hands and feet with lesions in a bilateral and symmetrical distribution that progress to thickening of the skin and loss of normal hair distribution, particularly on the face (madarosis).
- Borderline (dimorphous)
  - Skin lesions characteristic of both the tuberculoid and lepromatous forms.
- <u>Indeterminate</u>
  - Early lesions, usually hypopigmented macules, without developed tuberculoid or lepromatous features.

# **Reporting Requirements**

Report confirmed or probable cases to DHW Surveillance Team via Panorama.

## **Additional Forms**

None.

# **Data Entry**

Complete data entry in Panorama.