

Week 12 (March 18 to March 24, 2012)

Summary of Nova Scotia surveillance findings, for the period ending March 24, 2012: Twenty one laboratory confirmed cases of influenza B for week 12. There were no laboratory confirmed cases of influenza A. Influenza activity reported in DHA 7 and DHA 9 RSV activity is decreasing Other respiratory pathogen activity continues. Positive results were received for coronavirus, enterovirus, metapneumovirus, parainfluenza, and RSV.

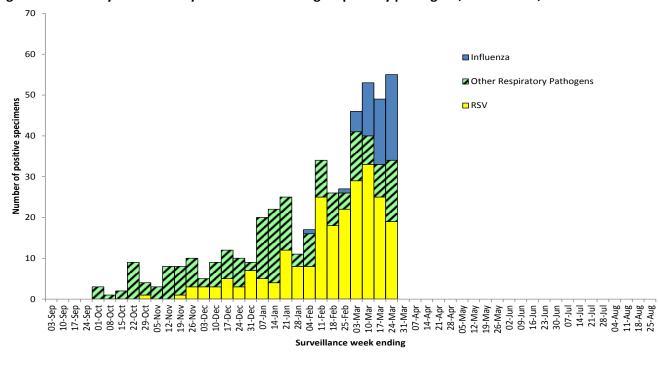
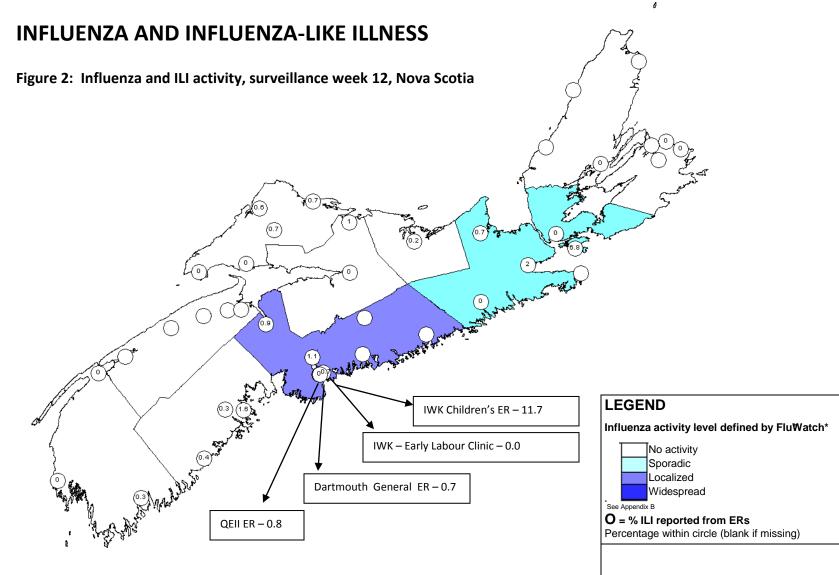
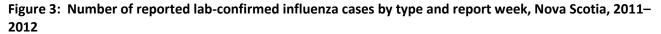


Figure 1: Summary of laboratory detected circulating respiratory pathogens, Nova Scotia, 2011–2012

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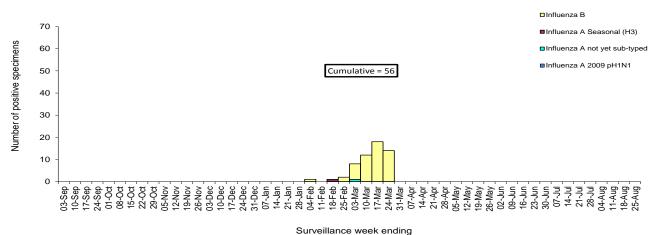
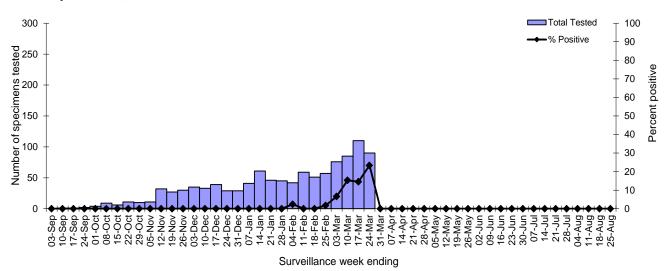


Figure 4: Number of specimens tested for influenza and percent positive, Nova Scotia Provincial Public Health Laboratory Network, 2011–2012*



*Data presented in this figure refers to week specimen was tested.

| | DHA 1 | DHA 2 | DHA 3 | DHA 4 | DHA 5 | DHA 6 | DHA 7 | DHA 8 | DHA 9 | Nova Scotia |
|--------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------------|
| Influenza A 2009 pH1N1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current Week | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cumulative 2010 - 2011 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| nfluenza A (not yet sub-typed) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current Week | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cumulative 2010 - 2011 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Influenza A Seasonal (H3) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current Week | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cumulative 2010 - 2011 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Influenza B | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current Week | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 11 | 14 |
| Cumulative 2010 - 2011 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 44 | 54 |

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Figure 5: Influenza rate per 100,000 population by type and age group, cumulative, Nova Scotia, 2011–2012

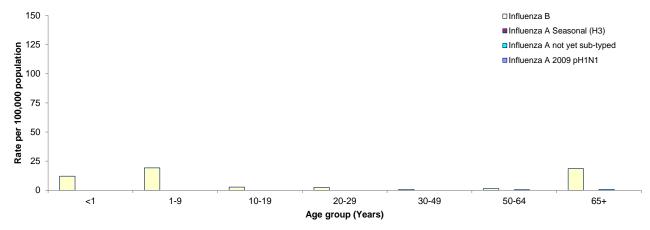


Figure 6: Influenza rate per 100,000 population by type and DHA, cumulative, Nova Scotia, 2011–2012

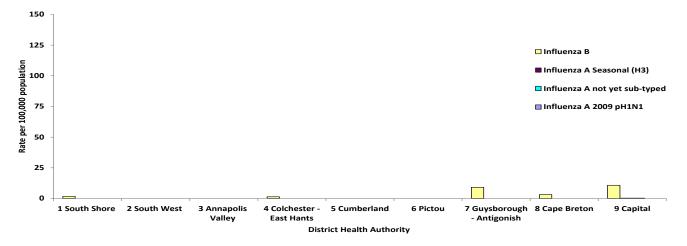


Table 2: Number of influenza hospitalizations by type and report week, Nova Scotia, 2011–2012

| | Hospitalized | ICU | Total |
|---------------------------------|--------------|-----|-------|
| Influenza A 2009 pH1N1 | | | |
| Current Week | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cumulative 2011 - 2012 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | |
| Influenza A (not yet sub-typed) | | | |
| Current Week | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cumulative 2011 - 2012 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| | | | |
| Influenza A Seasonal (H3) | | | |
| Current Week | Ο | 0 | 0 |
| Cumulative 2011 - 2012 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| | | | |
| Influenza B | | | |
| Current Week | 8 | 0 | 8 |
| Cumulative 2011 - 2012 | 30 | 0 | 30 |
| Current Week Total | 8 | 0 | 8 |
| Season Total | 32 | 0 | 32 |
| | | | |

* Note that Hospitalized cases exclude ICU admissions

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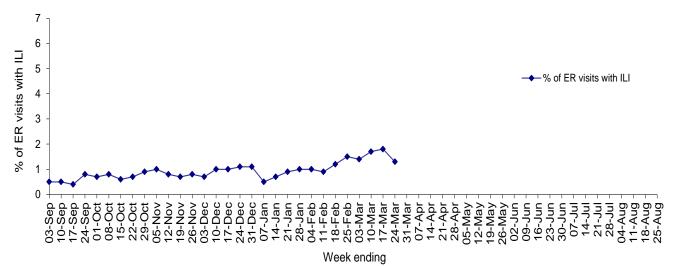
Table 3: ILI reporting from emergency departments and FluWatch sentinel physicians, Nova Scotia

| | ER \$ | SURVEILLANCE | | SENTINE | SENTINEL SURVEILLANCE* | | |
|--------------------------|-------|---------------|-------|---------|------------------------|--|--|
| | %ILI | Reporting ERs | | %ILI | Reporting Sentinels | | |
| DHA 1 | 0.7 | 3 of 3 | | 0.0 | 1 of 4 | | |
| DHA 2 | 0.1 | 3 of 3 | | - | 0 of 1 | | |
| DHA 3 | - | 0 of 5 | | - | 0 of 1 | | |
| DHA 4 | 0.1 | 2 of 2 | | - | 0 of 1 | | |
| DHA 5 | 0.6 | 5 of 5 | | 3.7 | 1 of 2 | | |
| DHA 6 | 0.2 | 1 of 1 | | - | 0 of 2 | | |
| DHA 7 | 0.9 | 6 of 6 | | 0.0 | 1 of 3 | | |
| DHA 8 | 0.0 | 3 of 8 | | 0.0 | 1 of 3 | | |
| DHA 9 | 0.9 | 4 of 7 | | 0.0 | 1 of 3 | | |
| IWK | 8.8 | 1 of 1 | | | | | |
| Nova Scotia (excl. IWK)† | 0.5 | 27 of 40 | 67.5% | | | | |
| Nova Scotia (incl. IWK) | 1.3 | 28 of 41 | 68.3% | | 5 of 18 27.8% | | |

*Fluw atch sentinels

†Excludes the children's ER from IWK





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RESPIRATORY SYNCYTIAL VIRUS (RSV)

Figure 8: Number of positive RSV specimens by report week, Nova Scotia, 2011–2012

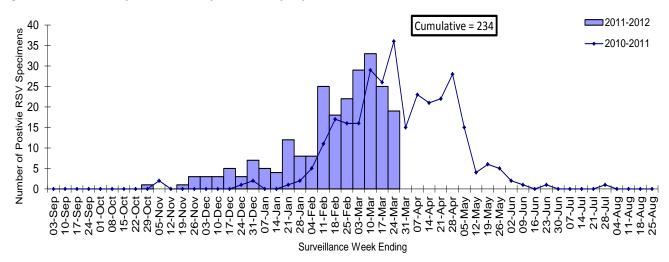
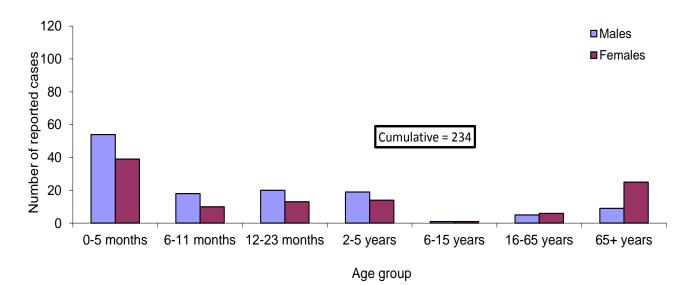


Figure 9: Cumulative number of positive RSV specimens by age group and sex, Nova Scotia, 2011-2012



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OTHER RESPIRATORY PATHOGENS

Table 4: Total number of specimens tested and number (%) positive for other respiratory pathogens, by report week and cumulative season, Nova Scotia, 2011–2012

| | | Surveillance V | Week | Cumulative | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------------|------------|----------------|------------|------------|
| | | | | Season-to-Date | Totals | |
| Number and percent positive for: | n tested | n positive | % positive | n tested | n positive | % positive |
| | | | | Π | | |
| Adenovirus | 21 | 0 | 0.0 | 648 | 4 | 0.6 |
| Bocavirus | 21 | 0 | 0.0 | 648 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Chlamydophila pneumoniae | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | 178 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Coronavirus | 21 | 10 | 47.6 | 648 | 51 | 7.9 |
| Enterovirus | 21 | 1 | 4.8 | 648 | 2 | 0.3 |
| Metapneumovirus | 21 | 1 | 4.8 | 648 | 7 | 1.1 |
| Mycoplasma pneumoniae | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | 178 | 32 | 18.0 |
| Parainfluenza | 21 | 3 | 14.3 | 648 | 42 | 6.5 |
| Pertussis | 5 | 0 | 0.0 | 109 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Respiratory syncytial virus A | 21 | 0 | 0.0 | 672 | 41 | 6.1 |
| Respiratory syncytial virus B | 21 | 1 | 4.8 | 672 | 1 | 0.1 |
| Respiratory syncytial virus not typed | 73 | 18 | 24.7 | 500 | 192 | 38.4 |
| Rhinovirus | 21 | 0 | 0.0 | 648 | 49 | 7.6 |
| | | | | | | |

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APPENDIX: Definitions used in Influenza Surveillance, 2011-2012

1) ILI in the general population:

Acute onset of respiratory illness with fever and cough and with one or more of the following - sore throat, arthralgia, myalgia, or prostration which is likely due to influenza. In children under 5, gastrointestinal symptoms may also be present. In patients under 5 or 65 and older, fever may not be prominent.

2) Outbreaks of influenza / ILI by setting:

Schools and Daycares:

Greater than 10% absenteeism (or absenteeism that is higher (e.g. >5-10%) than expected level as determined by school or public health authority) which is likely due to ILI. Note: it is recommended that ILI school outbreaks be laboratory confirmed at the beginning of influenza season as it may be the first indication of community transmission in an area.

Residential institutions:

Two or more cases of ILI within a seven-day period, including at least one laboratory confirmed case. Institutional outbreaks should be reported within 24 hours of identification. Residential institutions include but not limited to long-term care facilities (LTCF) and prisons.

Other Settings:

Two or more cases of ILI within a seven-day period, including at least one laboratory confirmed case; i.e. workplace, closed communities.

3) National FluWatch Definitions for Influenza Activity Levels:

Influenza activity levels are defined as:

| 1 = | No activity: | i.e. no laboratory-confirmed influenza detections in the reporting week, however, sporadically occurring ILI* may be reported |
|-----|--------------|---|
| 2 = | Sporadic: | sporadically occurring ILI* and lab confirmed influenza detection(s) with NO ILI/influenza outbreaks detected within the influenza surveillance region ⁺ |
| 3 = | Localized: | evidence of increased ILI* and lab confirmed influenza detection(s) together with outbreaks in schools, hospitals, residential institutions and/or other types of facilities occurring in less than 50% of the influenza surveillance region(s) † |
| 4 = | Widespread: | evidence of increased ILI* and lab confirmed influenza detection(s) together with outbreaks in schools, hospitals, residential institutions and/or other types of facilities occurring in greater than or equal to 50% of the influenza surveillance region(s) [†] |

* ILI data may be reported through sentinel physicians, emergency room visits or health line telephone calls.

⁺ Sub-regions within the province or territory as defined by the provincial/territorial epidemiologist.

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- 4) District Health Authorities (DHAs), Nova Scotia:
 - DHA 1 South Shore Health
 - DHA 2 South West Health
 - DHA 3 Annapolis Valley Health
 - DHA 4 Colchester East Hants Health Authority
 - DHA 5 Cumberland Health Authority
 - DHA 6 Pictou County Health Authority
 - DHA 7 Guysborough Antigonish Strait Health Authority
 - DHA 8 Cape Breton District Health Authority
 - DHA 9 Capital Health