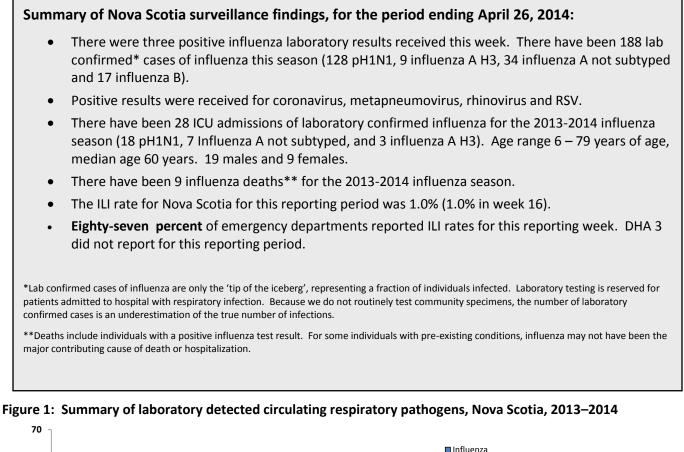
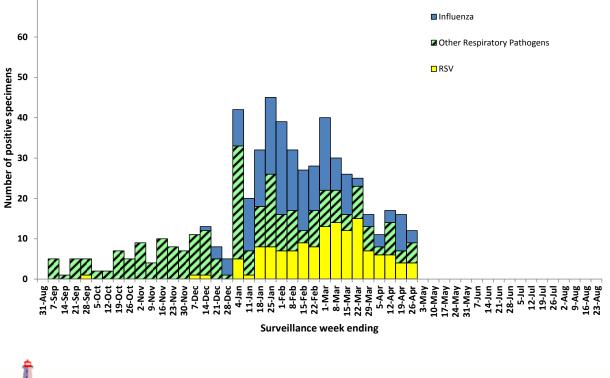


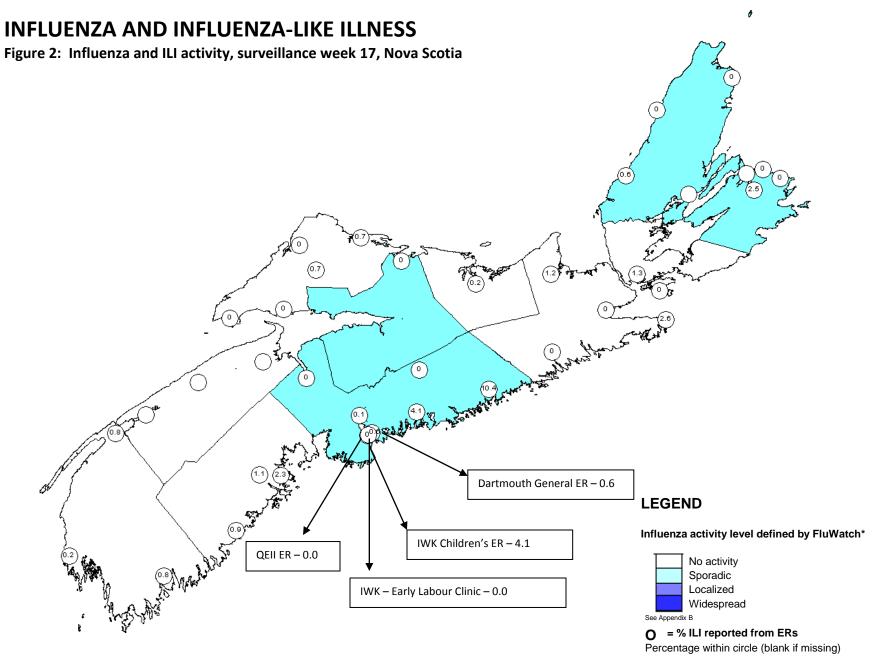
Week 17 (April 20 to April 26, 2014)





Population Health Assessment and Surveillance, NS Health and Wellness

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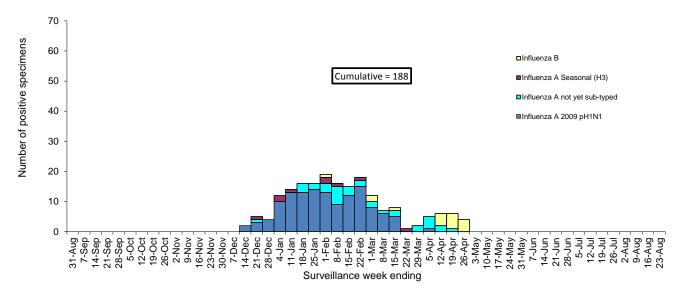
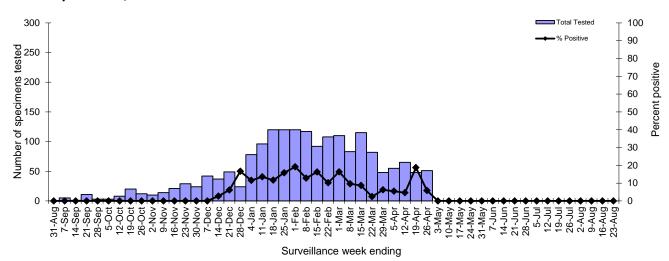


Figure 4: Number of specimens tested for influenza and percent positive, Nova Scotia Provincial Public Health Laboratory Network, 2013–2014\*



\*Data presented in this figure refers to week specimen was tested.

ole 1: Influenza case cou	DHA 1	DHA 2		DHA 4	DHA 5		DHA 7		-	Nova Scotia
	DHAT	DHA Z	DHA 3	DHA 4	DHA S	DHA 6	DHA 7	DHA 8	DHA 9	Nova Scotia
Influenza A 2009 pH1N1										
Current Week	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cumulative 2013 - 2014	5	5	5	9	6	4	14	9	71	128
nfluenza A (not yet sub-typed)										
Current Week	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cumulative 2013 - 2014	1	1	2	0	3	0	1	12	14	34
Influenza A Seasonal (H3)										
Current Week	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cumulative 2013 - 2014	1	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	9
Influenza B										
Current Week	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	4
Cumulative 2013 - 2014	0	0	1	4	0	0	0	3	9	17

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Figure 5: Influenza rate per 100,000 population by type and age group, cumulative, Nova Scotia, 2013–2014

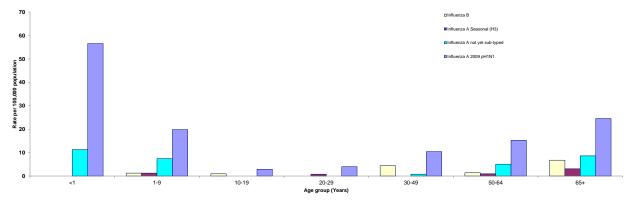


Figure 6: Influenza rate per 100,000 population by type and DHA, cumulative, Nova Scotia, 2013–2014

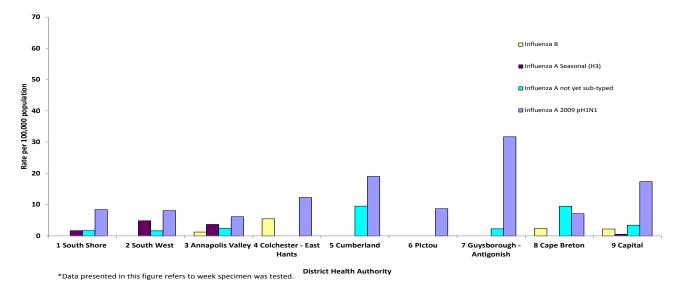


Table 2: ILI reporting from emergency departments and FluWatch sentinel physicians, Nova Scotia, 2013-2014

	ER SURVEILLANCE				NTINEL SURVEILLANCE*	
	%ILI	Reporting	g ERs		%ILI	Reporting Sentinels
DHA 1	1.4	3	of 3		0.0	1 of 6
DHA 2	0.4	3	of 3		-	0 of 0
DHA 3	-	-	of 3		0.0	1 of 1
DHA 4	0.8	2	of 2		-	0 of 0
DHA 5	0.3	5	of 5		-	0 of 2
DHA 6	0.2	1	of 1		-	0 of 2
DHA 7	1.2	6	of 6		-	0 of 1
DHA 8	1.3	6	of 8		0.0	1 of 4
DHA 9	0.4	7	of 7		0.0	2 of 14
IWK	4.6	1	of 1			
Nova Scotia (excl. IWK)	0.7	3	3 of 38	86.8%		
Nova Scotia (incl. IWK)	1.0	3	4 of 39	87.2%		5 of 30 16.7%

\*Fluw atch sentinels

†Excludes the children's ER from IWK

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Table 3: Hospitalizations, ICU Admissions ar	d Deaths for influenza positive patie	ents, Nova Sco	otia, 2013-2014
	Hospitalized*	ICU	Death
Influenza A 2009 pH1N1			
Current We	ek 0	0	0
Cumulative 2013 - 20	014 79	18	7
Influenza A (not yet sub-typed			
Current We	eek 0	0	0
Cumulative 2013 - 20	14 18	7	2
Influenza A Seasonal (H3)			
Current We	ek 0	0	0
Cumulative 2013 - 20	014 3	3	0
Influenza B			
Current We	ek 1	0	0
Cumulative 2013 - 20	014 11	0	0
		_	
Current Week Total	1	0	0
Season Total	111	28	9

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\* Note: Hospitalized cases exclude ICU admissions

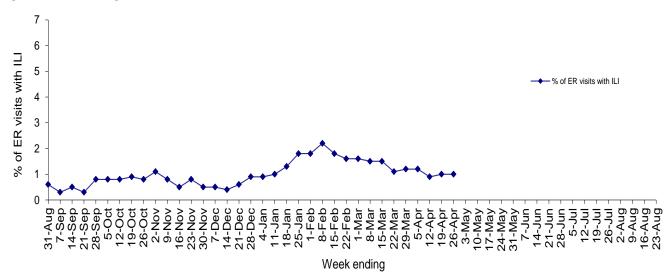
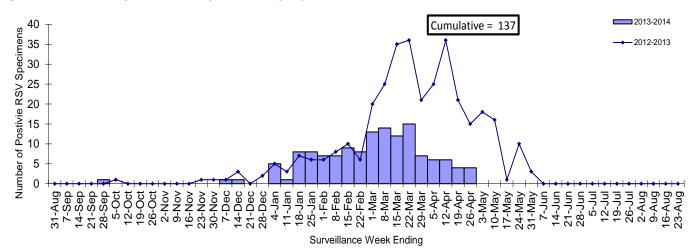


Figure 7: Percentage of ER visits with ILI, Nova Scotia, 2013–2014

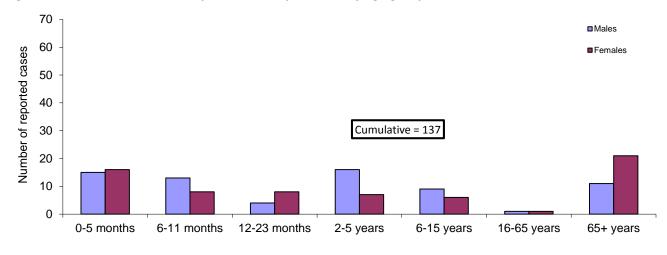
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### **RESPIRATORY SYNCYTIAL VIRUS (RSV)**

Figure 8: Number of positive RSV specimens by report week, Nova Scotia, 2013–2014



### Figure 9: Cumulative number of positive RSV specimens by age group and sex, Nova Scotia, 2013-2014



Age group

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### **OTHER RESPIRATORY PATHOGENS**

Table 4: Total number of specimens tested and number (%) positive for other respiratory pathogens, by report week and cumulative season, Nova Scotia, 2013–2014

	Surveillance Week			Π	Cumulative		
					Season-to-Date	Totals	
Number and percent positive for:	n tested	n positive	% positive	n tested	n positive	% positive	
Adenovirus	12	0	0.0	678	1	0.1	
Bocavirus	12	0	0.0	678	3	0.4	
Chlamydophila pneumoniae	22	0	0.0	429	5	1.2	
Coronavirus	12	1	8.3	678	23	3.4	
Enterovirus	12	0	0.0	678	0	0.0	
Metapneumovirus	12	2	16.7	678	42	6.2	
Mycoplasma pneumoniae	22	0	0.0	429	51	11.9	
Parainfluenza	12	0	0.0	678	44	6.5	
Pertussis	20	0	0.0	241	5	2.1	
Respiratory syncytial virus A	12	0	0.0	678	2	0.3	
Respiratory syncytial virus B	12	1	8.3	678	7	1.0	
Respiratory syncytial virus not typed	42	3	7.1	1124	128	11.4	
Rhinovirus	12	2	16.7	678	68	10.0	

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### APPENDIX: Definitions used in Influenza Surveillance, 2013-2014

1) ILI in the general population:

Acute onset of respiratory illness with fever and cough and with one or more of the following - sore throat, arthralgia, myalgia, or prostration which is likely due to influenza. In children under 5, gastrointestinal symptoms may also be present. In patients under 5 or 65 and older, fever may not be prominent.

2) Outbreaks of influenza / ILI by setting:

#### Schools and Daycares:

Greater than 10% absenteeism (or absenteeism that is higher (e.g. >5-10%) than expected level as determined by school or public health authority) which is likely due to ILI.

#### Hospitals and residential institutions:

Two or more cases of ILI within a seven-day period, including at least one laboratory confirmed case. Institutional outbreaks should be reported within 24 hours of identification. Residential institutions include but not limited to long-term care facilities (LTCF) and prisons.

### Other Settings:

Two or more cases of ILI within a seven-day period, including at least one laboratory confirmed case; i.e. closed communities.

3) National FluWatch Definitions for Influenza Activity Levels:

Influenza activity levels are defined as:						
1 =	No activity:	i.e. no laboratory-confirmed influenza detections in the reporting week, however, sporadically occurring ILI* may be reported				
2 =	Sporadic:	sporadically occurring ILI* and lab confirmed influenza detection(s) with <b>no outbreaks</b> detected within the influenza surveillance region <sup>+</sup>				
3 =	Localized:	<ul> <li>(1) evidence of increased ILI* and</li> <li>(2) lab confirmed influenza detection(s) together with</li> <li>(3) outbreaks in schools, hospitals, residential institutions and/or other types of facilities occurring in less than 50% of the influenza surveillance region<sup>+</sup></li> </ul>				
4 =	Widespread:	<ul> <li>(1) evidence of increased ILI* and</li> <li>(2) lab confirmed influenza detection(s) together with</li> <li>(3) outbreaks in schools, hospitals, residential institutions and/or other types of facilities occurring in greater than or equal to 50% of the influenza surveillance region<sup>+</sup></li> </ul>				

\* ILI data may be reported through sentinel physicians, emergency room visits or health line telephone calls.
\* Sub-regions within the province or territory as defined by the provincial/territorial epidemiologist.

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- 4) District Health Authorities (DHAs), Nova Scotia:
  - DHA 1 South Shore Health
  - DHA 2 South West Health
  - DHA 3 Annapolis Valley Health
  - DHA 4 Colchester East Hants Health Authority
  - DHA 5 Cumberland Health Authority
  - DHA 6 Pictou County Health Authority
  - DHA 7 Guysborough Antigonish Strait Health Authority
  - DHA 8 Cape Breton District Health Authority
  - DHA 9 Capital Health