# Nova Scotia Weekly COVID-19 Epidemiologic Summary: 31 May 2022, 17:00

Public Health Branch

Nova Scotia Department of Health and Wellness

#### Highlights:

- An additional 1,563 PCR positive results, 41 hospitalizations and 9 deaths from COVID-19 were reported during the seven-day period ending May 30.
- The number of lab-confirmed cases and hospitalizations reported this week were similar to last week. The number of lab-confirmed cases linked to long-term care and residential care facility outbreaks decreased 37% from last week.
- Of the 9 deaths reported this week, all were in people aged 70+ and one-third were in people who resided in long-term care facilities.
- Age continues to be associated with severe outcomes:
  - The risk of hospitalization is nearly 11 times higher for those aged 70 years and older compared to those 18 to 49 years old.
  - The risk of death is approximately 115 times higher for those aged 70 years and older compared to those younger than 50.
- Staying up to date with vaccinations that is, getting all the doses available for your age group and health status, including boosters – offers significant protection against severe outcomes.
  - Those who received 3 or more doses of COVID-19 vaccine had an 86.7% lower risk of hospitalization and a 92.6% lower risk of death than those who were unvaccinated or had only one dose.
  - When adjusted for age, those unvaccinated or with only one dose have nearly seven times the rate of death compared to those with two doses and 12 times the rate of death compared to those with three or more doses.
- The proportion of people with confirmed COVID-19 infections who experience severe outcomes (hospitalization and death) continues to be relatively low during the Omicron waves compared to earlier waves. Since March 1, 2022 (Wave 6 to date), 1.4% of cases were hospitalized and 0.3% of cases have died.
- The total number of COVID-19 cases in residents of long-term care facilities is higher in the Omicron waves than in previous waves, with 2.8 times as many cases in Wave 6 than were reported in Wave 5. The overall fatality rate remains relatively low in the Omicron waves particularly compared to Wave 1.

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### **COVID-19 Cases and Severe Outcomes – December 8, 2021 to present**

Table 1: PCR positive results, hospitalizations and deaths (Wave 5 and 6)

	Number in current week	Number in previous week	Change form last week	December 8, 2021- present totals	Age range (years)	Median age (years)	Median LoS (days)
PCR positives	1563	1584	-21	91191	0 - 110	43	n/a
Hospitalizations	41	40	1	1285	0 - 102	71	6.3
Deaths	9	13	-4	288	10 - 101	81	n/a

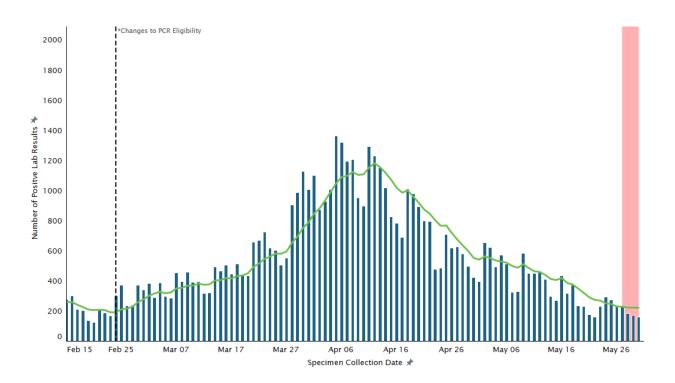
Data sources: PCR positive results – Provincial Public Health Lab Network; Hospitalizations – PPHLN, Meditech, STAR; Deaths – Panorama

Notes:

- PCR (polymerase chain reaction) tests are those
- LoS means length of stay

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Figure 1: Number and seven-day moving average of PCR positive results by collection date, February 15 to May 30, 2022 (N=56,968)



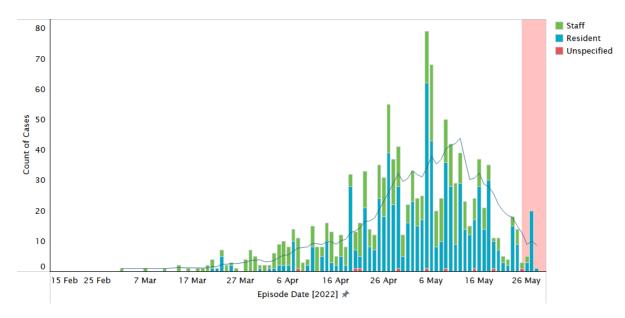
Data source: PPHLN

Notes:

- Laboratory tests are also referred to as PCR (polymerase chain reaction) tests
- The previous 3 days presented in the red area should be interpreted with caution. PCR positive results during this timeframe may rise as labs continue to be processed
- Access to PCR tests are restricted to eligible populations as outlined in the following link: <u>https://www.nshealth.ca/coronavirustesting</u>.
- Eligibility has changed over time. Before February 24, 2022, confirmatory PCR testing for people who tested positive on a rapid test was not available.

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Figure 2: Number of COVID-19 cases and seven-day moving average of cases linked to open long-term care and residential care facility outbreaks, February 15 to May 30, 2022 (N=1,233)



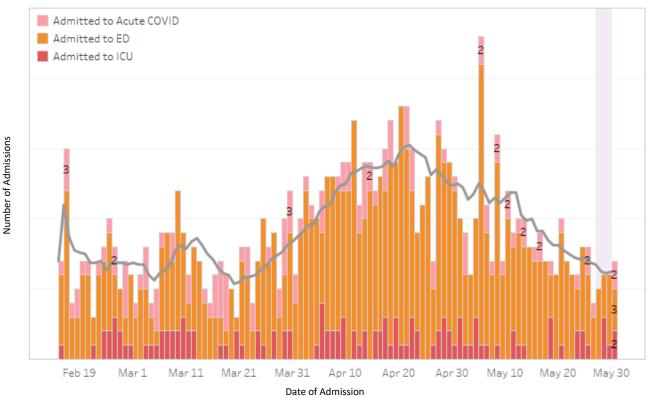
Data source: Panorama

Notes:

- Only open (ongoing) confirmed outbreaks are included
- A confirmed outbreak is defined as two or more lab-confirmed cases in residents and/or staff within a 14day period AND an epidemiological link between cases AND at least one reported case could have acquired the infection in the facility
- Only facilities that are designated as long-term care congregate settings are included; it excludes residential care facilities and disability support program facilities with 12 or fewer residents
- Includes confirmed and probable cases entered into Panorama and linked to the outbreak
- Episode date is recorded as the date of symptom onset. If that information is unavailable, the following is used (in hierarchical order): specimen collection date, lab result date clinical diagnosis date
- The five-day period presented in the red area should be interpreted with caution. Case counts during this
  timeframe may rise as individuals are identified and tested; as tests are processed; as data is inputted into
  Panorama

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## Figure 3: Daily COVID-19 hospital admissions by unit type, February 15 to May 30, 2022 (N=976)



Data sources: PPHLN, Meditech and STAR

- Note:
  - The five-day period presented in the grey area should be interpreted with caution. Case counts during this timeframe may rise as individuals are identified and tested and as tests are processed

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## Table 2: Hospitalization<sup>\*</sup> and death rates by age group, December 8, 2021 to present (Waves 5 and 6)

	Number	Crude rate per 100K	Relative Risk
Hospitalizations			
<18 years	54	29.0	0.7
18-49 years**	163	44.0	1.0
50-69 years	355	123.5	2.8
70+ years	713	483.4	11.0
Deaths			
<50 years**	8	1.4	1.0
50-69 years	42	14.6	10.4
70+ years	238	161.4	115.0

Data sources: Hospitalizations - PPHLN, Meditech and STAR; Deaths – Panorama; Denominator - Statistics Canada Notes:

\* Hospitalizations for individuals missing age are excluded from the analysis (counts, crude rates, ageadjusted rates, risk reduction)

\*\* = Denotes reference category. All risks are presented in comparison to the reference category.
 Comparisons are made by dividing the age-specific rates in the age category of interest to the age-specific rates in the reference category

## Table 3: Age-adjusted hospitalization<sup>\*</sup> and death rates by vaccine status, December 8, 2021 to present (Waves 5 and 6)

Vaccination Status	Number	Crude Rate per 100k Person-Years	Age-Adjusted Rate per 100k Person-Years	Risk Reduction (Relative to Unvaccinated/1 Dose)				
Hospitalizations								
Unvaccinated/1 Dose	304	202.1	1636.6	N/A				
2 Dose	363	100.7	197.1	88.0%				
3 Dose	618	263.7	217.9	86.7%				
Deaths								
Unvaccinated/1 Dose	65	43.2	487.6	N/A				
2 Dose	107	29.7	66.3	86.4%				
3 Dose	116	49.5	36.2	92.6%				

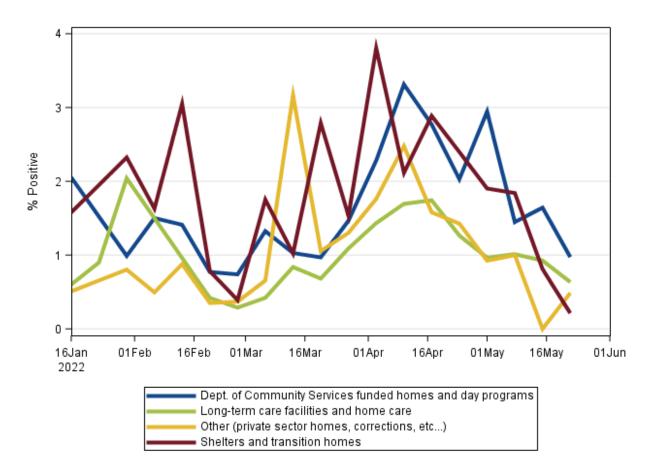
Data sources: Hospitalizations - PPHLN, Meditech and STAR; Deaths – Panorama; Denominator - Statistics Canada Notes:

- \* Hospitalizations for individuals missing age are excluded from the analysis (counts, crude rates, ageadjusted rates, risk reduction)
- A person is considered unvaccinated when they have zero doses of any COVID-19 vaccine
- A person is considered to have one dose when they have a single dose of any vaccine OR are within 14 days of receiving a second dose of any COVID-19 vaccine
- A person is considered to have two doses 14 or more days after the second dose of any vaccine OR are within 14 days of receiving a third dose of any COVID-19 vaccine
- A person is considered to have three or more doses 14 or more days after a third dose of any COVID-19 vaccine

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### Community-based Rapid Testing – January 10, 2022 to present

Figure 4: Proportion of positive rapid antigen test results for some high priority populations, by week



Data source: High Priority Testing Stream; Denominator: total number of tests distributed Notes:

Includes Department of Community Services-funded homes and day programs, shelters and transition homes, long-term care facilities and home care, private group homes, and correctional facilities

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### Full pandemic descriptive summary - March 2020 to present

Table 4: Summary of confirmed and probable COVID-19 cases and outcomes, by wave

	Wave 1	Wave 2	Wave 3	Wave 4	Wave 5	Wave 6
Number of cases	1,100	662	4,167	3,056	37,556	53,635
% Hospitalized	5.3%	2.1%	6.3%	3.1%	1.4%	1.4%
% ICU	1.4%	0.5%	1.8%	0.8%	0.2%	0.2%
% Deceased	5.9%	0.2%	0.7%	0.6%	0.4%	0.3%

Data sources: Cases, hospitalizations, and deaths in Waves 1-4 – Panorama; PCR positive results in Waves 5-6 – PPHLN; Hospitalizations in Waves 5-6 - Meditech and STAR Note:

Wave dates are classified as follows:

- Wave 1 March 1, 2020 to September 30, 2020
- Wave 2 October 1, 2020 to March 31, 2021
- o Wave 3 April 1, 2021 to July 31, 2021
- Wave 4 August 1, 2021 to December 7, 2021
- Wave 5 December 8, 2021 to February 28, 2022
- Wave 6 March 1, 2022-present

## Table 5: Number of COVID-19 cases and deaths among residents of long-term care facilities, by wave

	Wave 1	Wave 2	Wave 3	Wave 4	Wave 5	Wave 6	Total
Number of long-term care resident COVID-19 cases	263	3	7	43	783	2212	3311
Number of long-term care resident COVID-19 deaths	57	0	1	4	23	60	145
Case fatality rate	21.7%	0.0%	14.3%	9.3%	2.9%	2.7%	4.4%

Data source: Panorama Notes:

- Case counts can increase or decrease depending on confirmatory testing of probable cases
- Case counts include confirmed and probable cases that were classified as LTC residents in Panorama. This does not include individuals attached to outbreaks in other congregate settings (i.e. assisted living, group homes, etc.).
- Wave dates are classified as follows:
  - o Wave 1 March 1, 2020 to September 30, 2020
  - o Wave 2 October 1, 2020 to March 31, 2021
  - Wave 3 April 1, 2021 to July 31, 2021
  - $\circ$  Wave 4 August 1, 2021 to December 7, 2021
  - Wave 5 December 8, 2021 to February 28, 2022
  - Wave 6 March 1, 2022-present

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#### **Data Sources and Notes:**

#### Panorama

- Data are valid to the day of the report at 07:00
- Data presented in this report contain the information available at the time of data extraction. It may be incomplete pending follow-up. As more information becomes available, it will be included in subsequent reports.

Provincial Public Health Laboratory Network

- Data are valid to the day of the report at 05:30.
- Data presented in this report contain the information available at the time of data extraction. It may be incomplete pending follow-up. As more information becomes available, it will be included in subsequent reports

Meditech and STAR (Nova Scotia Health)

- Data are valid to the day of the report at 04:00
- Data are based on positive lab results and reflect patients with a valid health card number at the time of testing or admission
- Data presented in this report contain the information available at the time of data extraction. It may be incomplete pending follow-up. As more information becomes available, it will be included in subsequent reports
- Includes patients that are assumed to be admitted for COVID-related treatment based on inpatient location

Statistics Canada - Table 17-10-0005-01 - Population estimates on July 1st (2021), by age and sex

High Priority Testing Stream

- Data are valid to the Sunday before the report at 11:59pm

#### **COVID-19 Case Definitions**

https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/diseases/2019-novel-coronavirus-infection/health-professionals/national-case-definition.html