

# RESPIRATORY WATCH

Week 47 (November 17, 2024 to November 23, 2024)

# Highlights of this reporting period<sup>1</sup>

The 2024-2025 season runs from August 25, 2024 to August 29, 2025

#### Activity levels<sup>2</sup>

- Influenza activity continued to be low during this reporting period with no PCR positive case compared with 3 cases in the previous reporting period.
  - The number of PCR positive cases in this reporting period is lower than the number in the same reporting period in the 2023/24 season (N=14).
- COVID-19 activity remained stable with a similar number of PCR-positive cases this week (N=80) compared with last week (N=78).
  - The number of PCR positive cases in this reporting period is lower than the number in the same reporting period in the 2023/24 season (N=363).
- RSV activity remained stable this week. The number of PCR-positive cases this week (N=15) is the same as last week (N=15).
  - The number of PCR positive cases in this reporting period is lower than the number in the same reporting period in the 2023/24 season (N=50).

# Influenza, COVID-19, and respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) activity during this reporting period and the 2024/25 season

	Influ	enza	COV	/IC	<b>)-19</b>	R	sv	
	This reporting period	2024/25 season	This reporting period		2024/25 season	This reporting period		2024/25 season
Laboratory testing								
New laboratory-confirmed cases	0	15	80		2360	15		55
Percent positivity (%) <sup>3</sup>	0.0	-	7.4		-	1.5		-
Severe outcome <sup>4</sup> Hospitalizations (non-ICU) ICU admissions Deaths	0 0	4 0 0	0 0 0		327 34 36			
Outbreaks <sup>5</sup>								
Acute-care facility	0	0	0		19	0		1
Long-term care facility	0	0	0		76	0		0

ILI activity	During this reporting period, the percentage of emergency room visits for influenza like illness (ILI) was 1.4% which is higher than previous reporting period
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See data notes in Appendix.

<sup>2</sup> Use of multiplex polymerase chain reaction (PCR) respiratory virus testing may affect the number of tests conducted and number of cases identified and reported.

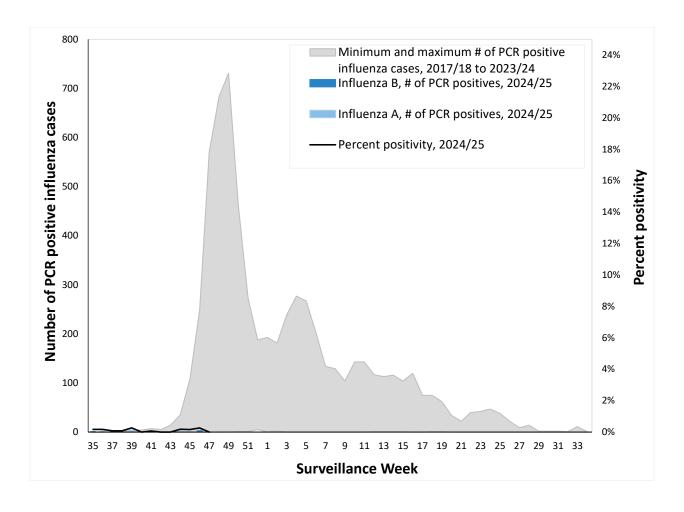
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Percent positivity is useful for understanding current pathogen spread in the community.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> New hospitalizations, ICU admissions, and deaths in recent surveillance weeks may be undercounted because of reporting delays. Outcomes are not reported for RSV because it is not a notifiable condition in Nova Scotia.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Local public health continuously enters and updates outbreak data. Counts may differ from previous surveillance weeks.

## Influenza

Figure 1: Laboratory-confirmed influenza cases (N=15) and percent positivity by surveillance week, 2024/25 season, compared with previous seasons, Nova Scotia<sup>6</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Minimum is zero during reporting weeks with no positive specimen in seasons 2019/20 to 2023/24. There were no influenza cases reported during the 2020-2021 season.

Table 1: Number of laboratory-confirmed influenza cases during current reporting period and cumulative 2024/25 season, by zone, Nova Scotia<sup>7</sup>

7	Curren		reporting period		<b>Cumulative (2024/25)</b>		
Zone	Influenza A	Influenza B	Total	Influenza A	Influenza B	Total	
Western	0	0	0	1	0	1	
Northern	0	0	0	6	2	8	
Eastern	0	0	0	3	0	3	
Central	0	0	0	3	0	3	
Nova Scotia Total	0	0	0	13	2	15	

Table 2: Number of laboratory-confirmed influenza cases during current reporting period and cumulative 2024/25 season, by age groups, Nova Scotia<sup>6</sup>

Ago group (voors)	Curren	Current reporting period			Cumulative (2024/25)		
Age group (years)	Influenza A	Influenza B	Total	Influenza A	Influenza B	Total	
0-4	0	0	0	3	0	3	
5-19	0	0	0	0	1	1	
20-44	0	0	0	1	1	2	
45-64	0	0	0	5	0	5	
≥ 65	0	0	0	4	0	4	
Nova Scotia Total	0	0	0	13	2	15	

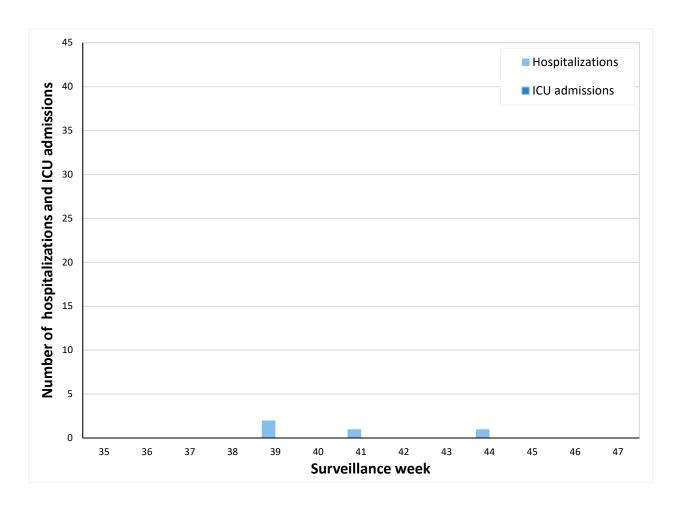
Table 3: Cumulative number of hospitalizations, ICU admissions, and deaths among labconfirmed influenza positive patients, 2024/25 season, Nova Scotia<sup>8</sup>

Ago group (voors)	Cumulative (2024/25)					
Age group (years)	Hospitalizations	ICU	Deaths			
0-4	2	0	0			
5-19	0	0	0			
20-44	0	0	0			
45-64	2	0	0			
≥ 65	0	0	0			
Nova Scotia Total	4	0	0			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Local public health continuously enters and updates influenza case data. Counts may differ from previous surveillance weeks.

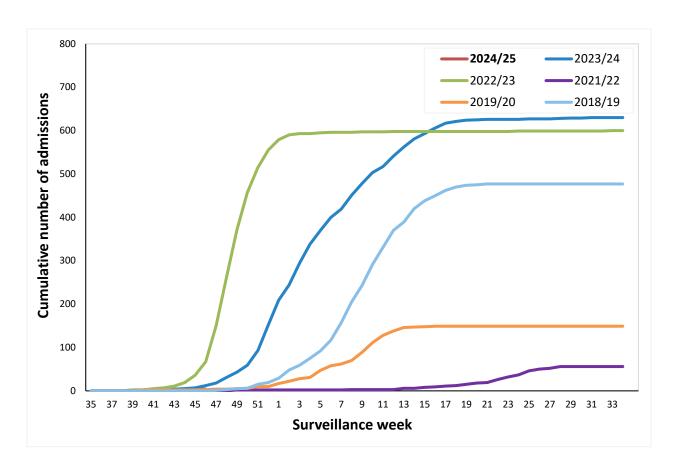
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Individuals may be included in multiple columns if they have more than one severe outcome (i.e., categories are not mutually exclusive). Recent hospitalizations, ICU admissions, and deaths may be undercounted due to delays in reporting.

Figure 2: Number of influenza hospitalizations and ICU admissions by surveillance week, 2024/25 season, Nova Scotia<sup>9</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Cases who are hospitalized and admitted to the ICU in the same surveillance week will be included in both the hospitalization and ICU counts for that surveillance week. Recent hospitalizations and ICU admissions may be undercounted due to delays in reporting.

Figure 3: Cumulative number of hospitalizations and ICU admissions for influenza by surveillance week, 2024/25 season compared with previous seasons, Nova Scotia<sup>10</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Figure 3 presents the cumulative number of cases who were admitted to hospital and/or ICU during the season. Cases are counted once. There were no reported cases of influenza during the 2020-2021 season.

## COVID-19

Figure 4: Number of laboratory-confirmed COVID-19 cases (N=2360) and percent positivity, 2024/25 season, compared with previous seasons, Nova Scotia

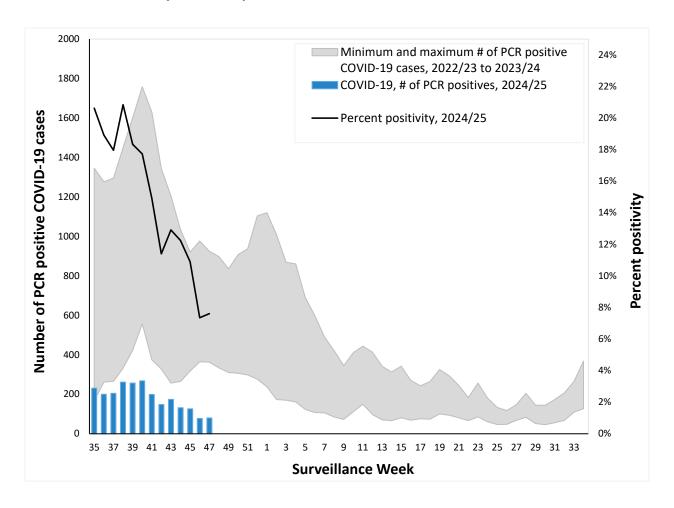


Table 4: Number of laboratory-confirmed COVID-19 cases during current reporting period and cumulative 2024/25 season, by zone, Nova Scotia<sup>11</sup>

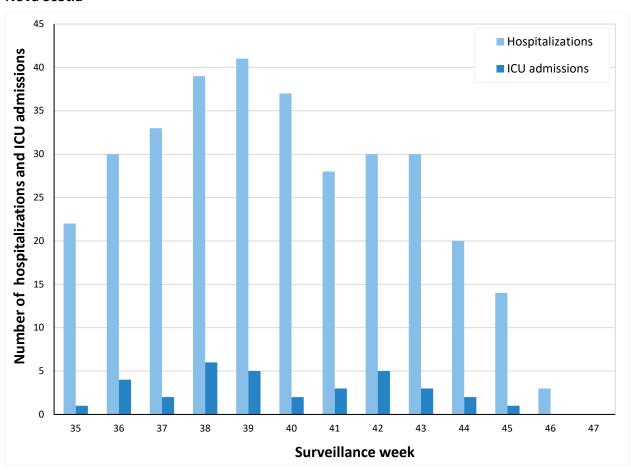
Zone	Current reporting period	<b>Cumulative (2024/25)</b>
Western	25	472
Northern	25	544
Eastern	4	425
Central	26	919
Nova Scotia Total	80	2360

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Local public health continuously enters and updates COVID-19 case data. Counts may differ from previous surveillance weeks.

Table 5. Number of laboratory-confirmed COVID-19 cases during current reporting period and cumulative 2024/25 season, by age group, Nova Scotia<sup>12</sup>

Age group (years)	Current reporting period	<b>Cumulative (2024/25)</b>
0-4	3	46
5-19	1	58
20-44	12	267
45-64	13	403
≥ 65	51	1586
Nova Scotia Total	80	2360

Figure 5: Number of COVID-19 hospitalizations and ICU admissions by week, 2024/25 season, Nova Scotia<sup>13</sup>



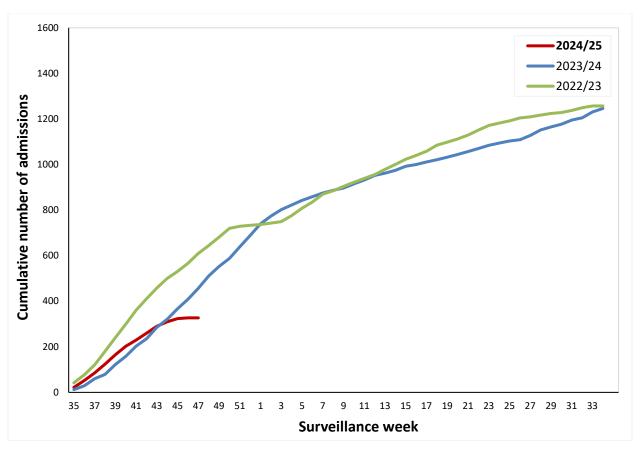
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Local public health continuously enters and updates COVID-19 case data. Counts may differ from previous surveillance weeks.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Cases who are hospitalized and admitted to the ICU in the same surveillance week will be included in both the hospitalization and ICU counts for that surveillance week. Recent hospitalizations and ICU admissions may be undercounted due to delays in reporting.

Table 6: Cumulative number of hospitalizations, ICU admissions, and deaths among COVID-19 positive patients, 2024/25 season, Nova Scotia<sup>14</sup>

Age group (upper)	Cumulative (2024/25)				
Age group (years)	Hospitalizations	ICU admissions	Deaths		
0-4	4	0	0		
5-19	1	0	0		
20-44	7	0	0		
45-64	30	11	4		
≥ 65	285	23	32		
Nova Scotia Total	327	34	36		

Figure 6: Cumulative number of COVID-19 hospitalizations and ICU admissions, by surveillance week, 2024/25 season compared with previous seasons, Nova Scotia<sup>15</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Cases can have more than one severe outcome (e.g., be hospitalized and then admitted to the ICU); therefore, cases may be counted multiple times if they have more than one severe outcome (i.e., categories are not mutually exclusive). Recent hospitalizations, ICU admissions, and deaths may be undercounted due to delays in reporting

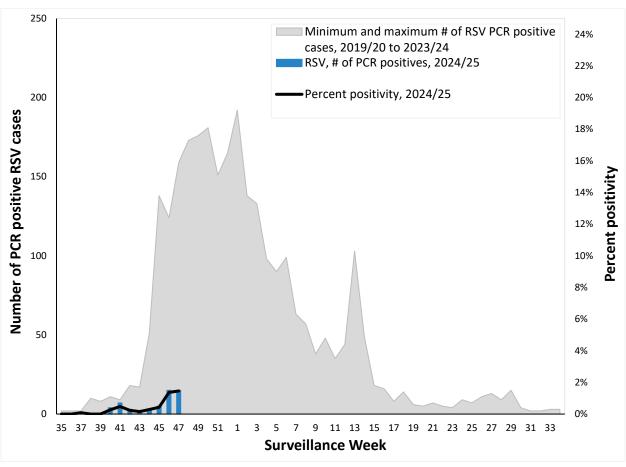
 $<sup>^{15}</sup>$  Figure 6 presents the cumulative number of cases who were admitted to hospital and/or ICU during the season. Cases are counted once.

# RSV Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) 16

Table 7: Number of laboratory-confirmed RSV cases by age group, current reporting period and cumulative 2024/25 season, Nova Scotia

Age group	Current reporting period	Cumulative (2024/25)
0-5 months	2	8
6-11 months	1	3
12-23 months	2	11
2-4 years	7	15
5-19 years	1	1
20-64 years	1	7
≥ 65 years	1	10
Nova Scotia Total	15	55

Figure 7: Laboratory-confirmed RSV cases (N=55) by week, 2024/25 season, compared with previous seasons, Nova Scotia<sup>17</sup>

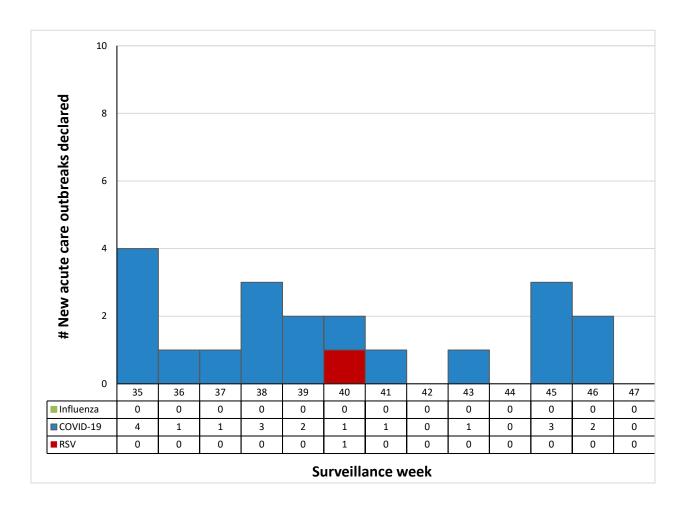


<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> RSV is not a notifiable condition in Nova Scotia

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> There were no reported RSV cases during the 2020-2021 season. The implementation of the multiplex respiratory virus PCR testing in 2022/23 may increase the number of cases detected.

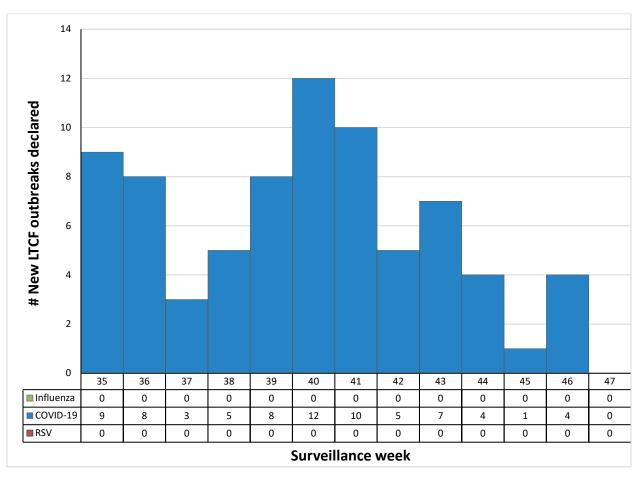
# **Respiratory Outbreaks**

Figure 8. Number of new acute care facility respiratory outbreaks by surveillance week and respiratory virus (influenza, COVID-19 and RSV), 2024/25 season, Nova Scotia<sup>18</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Acute care facility outbreak definitions are described in the Appendix. Local public health continuously enters and updates outbreak data. Counts may differ from previous surveillance weeks.

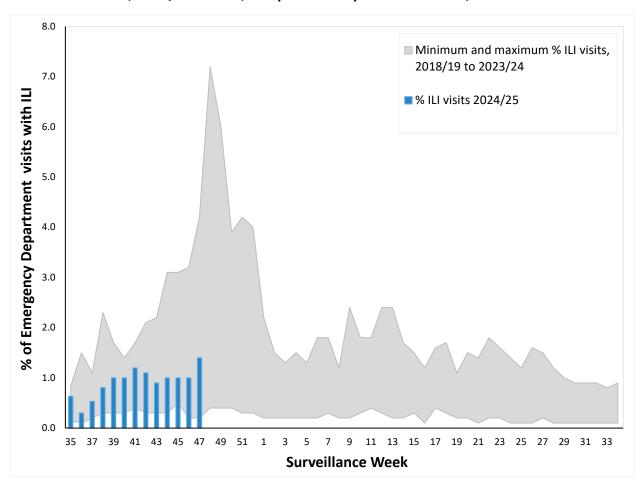
Figure 9. Number of new long-term care facility (LTCF) respiratory outbreaks by surveillance week and respiratory virus (influenza, COVID-19 and RSV), 2024/25 season, Nova Scotia<sup>19</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> LTCF outbreak definitions are described in the Appendix. Local public health continuously enters and updates outbreak data. Counts may differ from previous surveillance weeks.

# **Syndromic Surveillance**

Figure 10: Percentage of emergency department visits due to influenza-like illness (ILI) by surveillance week, 2024/25 season, compared with previous seasons, Nova Scotia<sup>20</sup>



# **Other Respiratory Illness**

Table 8: Number of positive specimens for other respiratory viruses, current reporting period and cumulative 2024/25 season, Nova Scotia

PATHOGEN	Current reporting period	Cumulative (2024/25)
Adenovirus	0	11
Bocavirus	0	1
Coronavirus*	0	3
Enterovirus/Rhinovirus	15	164
Metapneumovirus	0	0
Parainfluenza	2	4

<sup>\*</sup>Excludes COVID-19

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> ILI percentages may be updated due to delays in reporting, as some acute care facilities may submit data retrospectively.

## Appendix – data notes and definitions

#### **Data Notes**

- A surveillance week runs from Sunday to Saturday. Nova Scotia's 2024/25 season aligns with the <u>Public</u> Health Agency of Canada (PHAC) FluWatch surveillance weeks.
  - This year runs from August 25, 2024 (Week 35) to August 29, 2025 (Week 34).
- Notifications of hospitalizations, ICU admissions, and deaths may lag, and deaths are particularly
  affected. Additionally, data are incomplete for the most recent reporting period because local public
  health report COVID-19 and influenza outcomes on Wednesdays. Figures presenting outcomes by week
  do not include data for the most recent surveillance week.
- Definitions for hospitalizations and deaths related to each of COVID-19 and influenza were changed in August 2024. These case definitions are found in the <u>Surveillance guidelines</u>.
- RSV is not a notifiable disease in Nova Scotia.
- Testing eligibility guidelines and the use of multiplex PCR testing affect the number of cases identified and reported.
  - A multiplex PCR tests for multiple respiratory pathogens simultaneously. Routine multiplex PCR tests include, but is not limited to, influenza, RSV, and COVID-19. See <u>Nova Scotia's Respiratory Surveillance Plan</u> for a full list of what is tested.
  - In the 2022-2023 season, access to multiplex PCR testing in Nova Scotia increased testing accessibility which likely increased detection in community influenza and RSV.
  - Testing is limited to <u>specific populations</u> and the counts reported in this report under-represent the actual number of cases in the community.

### Definitions used in respiratory surveillance, and useful links, 2024/25

See: <u>Nova Scotia's Respiratory Response Plan</u> and <u>Nova Scotia's Respiratory Surveillance Plan for Public</u> Health

#### **Acronyms**

ICU Intensive care unit
 ILI Influenza-like illness
 RSV Respiratory syncytial virus
 PCR Polymerase chain reaction
 LTCF Long term care facilities

#### **Outbreak Definitions**

Pathogen	Acute care facility	Long-term care facility (LCTF)
Influenza	≥ 2 symptomatic residents where at least one is a laboratory confirmed case of influenza, epidemiologically linked within the patient care unit in a 7-day period	≥ 2 resident cases of ILI (influenza-like illness), where at least one is a laboratory confirmed case of influenza, within the LTCF in a <b>7-day period</b>
COVID-19	≥ 2 symptomatic residents where at least one is a laboratory confirmed case of COVID-19, epidemiologically linked within the patient care unit in a 10-day period	≥ 2 laboratory-confirmed resident cases AND at least one is a facility acquired case, with all cases epidemiologically linked within the LTCF in a <b>10-day period</b>

## Week 47 (November 17, 2024 to November 23, 2024)

Respiratory Syncytial	≥ 2 symptomatic residents where at	≥ 2 symptomatic residents where at least
	least one is a laboratory confirmed	one is a laboratory confirmed case of
	case of RSV, epidemiologically linked	RSV, epidemiologically linked within the
VII US (KSV)	within the patient care unit in a 7-day	LTCF in a <b>7-day period</b>
	period	
Virus (RSV)	within the patient care unit in a <b>7-day</b>	

#### **ILI Case Definition**

Acute onset of respiratory illness with fever and cough and with one or more of the following – sore throat, arthralgia, myalgia or prostration which is likely due to influenza. In children under 5, gastrointestinal symptoms may also be present. In patients < 5 or  $\ge 65$  years, fever may not be prominent.

## Other case definitions

See: <u>Surveillance Guidelines | novascotia.ca</u>

## Links to other weekly influenza reports

Canada: <u>Weekly influenza reports - Canada.ca</u> World: <u>Global Influenza Programme (who.int)</u>

US: FluView | FluView | CDC