

Form 11B
Revocation of Community Treatment Order
(Section 56 - Involuntary Psychiatric Treatment Act)

I, Dr. _____ (*full name*), am a
psychiatrist on the staff of _____
(*name of psychiatric facility*).

_____ (*full name of patient*) is an
involuntary patient who is the subject of a community treatment order dated
___/___/____ (*dd/mm/yyyy*).

I am terminating the patient's community treatment order, effective the date
of this order because I have reasonable cause to believe that the person
has failed in a substantial or deleterious manner to comply with their
obligations under the order based on the following:

(signature of witness) (signature of psychiatrist)

(witness's name - printed) (psychiatrist's name - printed)

(date of signature) (date of signature)

Notes:

1) When terminating a community treatment order in accordance with subsection 56(1) of the Act, a psychiatrist must request that a peace officer take the person into custody and promptly convey the person to the psychiatrist for a medical examination if all of the following conditions are met:

- the psychiatrist has reasonable cause to believe that the person continues to meet the criteria set out in subclauses 47(3)(a)(i), (ii), and (iii) of the Act
- reasonable efforts have been made to do all of the following:
 - locate the person
 - inform the person's substitute decision-maker of the failure to comply
 - inform the substitute decision-maker of the possibility that the psychiatrist may make a request for the peace officer to take the person into custody and the consequences
 - provide reasonable assistance to the person to comply with the terms of the order.

- 2) A request under subsection 56(1) of the Act is sufficient authority, for 30 days after it is issued, for a peace officer to take the person named in it into custody and convey the person to a psychiatrist who shall examine the person to determine whether
- the person should be released without being subject to a community treatment order
 - the psychiatrist should issue another community treatment order if the person's substitute decision-maker consents to the community treatment plan
 - the psychiatrist should conduct a psychiatric assessment to determine if the person should be admitted as an involuntary patient under a declaration of involuntary admission.
- 3) A copy of this order should be sent to the Review Board