

Case Definition

Confirmed Case:

- One or more of the specified indicator diseases (see below)
AND
- Meeting the case definition for HIV infection

Clinical Evidence

Indicator diseases for adult and pediatric cases:

- Bacterial pneumonia (recurrent)*
- Candidiasis (bronchi, trachea or lungs)
- Candidiasis (esophageal)*
- Cervical cancer (invasive)
- Coccidioidomycosis (disseminated or extrapulmonary)
- Cryptococcosis (extrapulmonary)
- Cryptosporidiosis chronic intestinal (>1 month duration)
- Cytomegalovirus diseases (other than in liver, spleen or nodes)
- Cytomegalovirus retinitis (with loss of vision)*
- Encephalopathy, HIV-related (dementia)
- Herpes simplex: chronic ulcer(s) (>1 month duration) or bronchitis, pneumonitis or esophagitis
- Histoplasmosis (disseminated or extrapulmonary)
- Isosporiasis, chronic intestinal (>1 month duration)
- Kaposi's sarcoma*
- Lymphoma, Burkitt's (or equivalent term)
- Lymphoma, immunoblastic (or equivalent term)
- Lymphoma (primary in brain)
- *Mycobacterium* avian complex or *M. kansasii* (disseminated or extrapulmonary)*
- *Mycobacterium* of other species or unidentified species
- *M. tuberculosis* (disseminated or extrapulmonary)
- *M. tuberculosis* (pulmonary)*
- Pneumocystis jirovecii (formerly Pneumocystis carinii) pneumonia (PCP)*
- Progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy
- Salmonella septicemia (recurrent)
- Toxoplasmosis of brain*
- Wasting syndrome due to HIV

Indicator that apply only to pediatric cases (<15 years old):

- Bacterial infections (multiple or recurrent, excluding recurrent bacterial pneumonia)
- Lymphoid interstitial pneumonia and/or pulmonary lymphoid hyperplasia*

*These conditions may be diagnosed presumptively; otherwise, definitive diagnosis is required.

Reporting Requirements

Report confirmed cases to DHW Surveillance via Panorama.

Additional Forms

None.