

GOVERNMENT RESPONSE  
*Six Month Update*

# Review of the South Panuke Forest Harvest

by the Mersey Woodlands Advisory Committee

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**Recommendation #1: Temporarily stop harvesting in Blocks with the planning unit designation “Environmentally Sensitive area” as shown in the planning document Crown Land Management: A Conceptual Plan for Western Nova Scotia.**

**Response:** DNR will immediately postpone harvesting on environmentally sensitive harvesting allocations on Western Crown land designated as, with the exception of the limited amount of land that is currently approved for harvest during spring road closure. The delayed harvest will be in place until the nature of the sensitivities that lead to the designation have been fully identified and defined; probably within two to six months. Harvesting will proceed once any additional required special management practices and/or considerations are in place to ensure these sensitivities are addressed at the operational level. Sites that have been already approved for harvest during the spring road closure will proceed in the short term following the “Interim Guidelines for Environmentally Sensitive Areas under the Western Crown Lands Conceptual Plan” which has been posted on the DNR website.

**Progress to date:** DNR postponed harvesting in areas designated as Environmentally Sensitive with the exception of those areas approved for harvest during spring road closure. A committee of experts from academia and NGOs was convened to address the extent of sensitivities in an Environmentally Sensitive Area. This committee and the Mi’kmaq Rights Initiative have provided advice which has resulted in the term ‘Biodiversity-Rich Landscapes’ (BRLs) being used to describe these areas and a document detailing measures to be applied to these areas, “Guidelines for Biodiversity-Rich Landscapes under the Western Crown Conceptual Plan”, will be released on the Department website.

**Recommendation #2: Establish priorities for future harvest allocations.**

**Response:** The Department will endeavour to prioritize harvests based on a zone’s designation. However, under the long term management plan, the scheduling of the harvest is of utmost importance and it is unrealistic to say that all Resource Management zones would be harvested before turning to Multiple Use zones and so on. Under such a scheme, one would be forced to harvest only Environmentally Sensitive zones until the Resource Management and Multiple Values zones had renewed. The Western Crown Conceptual Plan allows harvesting in planning zones designated as Environmentally Sensitive. As per response #1, the planning and implementation of the harvest will account for environmental and/or biodiversity concerns and will follow the “Interim Guidelines for Environmentally Sensitive Areas under the Western Crown Lands Conceptual Plan”.

**Progress to date:** With the completion of the “Guidelines for Biodiversity-Rich Landscapes under the Western Crown Conceptual Plan”, harvests will be scheduled in the Resource Management, Multiple Value and Biodiversity-Rich Landscape zones. Over the long term, there will be periods of varying activity in each zone to meet landscape level objectives.

**Recommendation #3: *Initiate a concerted effort to identify and allocate an increasing percentage of non-clear cut harvest areas.***

**Response:** The Natural Resources strategy, “The Path We Share”, outlines a goal to reduce clearcutting to 50% of the harvesting effort on Crown lands by 2016. The Department remains committed to this goal. A review of current harvest allocations on Western Crown lands that have been posted online since October 2014 shows the current balance to be 41% prescribed for partial harvest and 59% prescribed for clear cut. These proportions may change slightly as pre-treatment assessments are completed but this demonstrates significant progress towards our goal. The Department will continue to use science-based decision making to match harvest type to the site conditions as we work towards a balance between partial harvesting and clearcutting.

It is important to note that “The Path We Share” was the result of broad consultation with over 2,000 separate submissions from Nova Scotians including stakeholders in the environmental and forestry sector. As noted above, the strategy clearly identifies clearcutting as one of the two main forms of harvesting to be used as part of the Province’s forest management activity. Clearcutting will continue to be used where it is the appropriate technical response to existing stand and site conditions.

The strategy also outlines a commitment to move to landscape level ecosystem based management. Under this approach, the distribution of forest cover and/or fragmentation will be a major focus of the planning efforts. Decisions on the degree of disturbance through clearcutting and/or partial harvest will be developed and tailored in accordance with prevailing science, to respond to the required landscape level patterns.

**Progress to date:** Harvest methods on Crown lands are based on a pre-treatment assessment (PTA) which describes site and forest conditions. Western Crown land harvesting in 2014 resulted in 63% clearcut and 37% partial harvest. Harvest plans for all Crown lands will be posted online by year end.

**Recommendation #4: *Establish a working group to develop criteria to define and describe stand-level conservation measures for the sustainable management of biodiversity and wildlife habitat to the extent that current knowledge, data and information permit.***

**Response:** DNR will establish such a working group to develop Guidelines for Environmentally Sensitive Areas under the “Western Crown Lands Conceptual Plan” as soon as possible.

This group will be comprised of appropriate expertise, including stakeholder and academic representation. The make-up and operation of the committee will be consistent with existing relationships, processes and responsibilities with respect to the Mi’kmaq and other government departments.

**Progress to date:** A committee of experts from academia and NGOs was convened to review the “Interim Guidelines for Environmentally Sensitive Areas under the Western Crown Lands Conceptual Plan” and provide recommendations. Based on advice from the committee and from the Mi’kmaq Rights Initiative the term ‘Biodiversity-Rich Landscapes’ (BRLs) is being used instead of ‘Ecologically Sensitive Areas’ and the guidelines will be finalized and released on the Department website.

**Recommendation #5: *Give priority to applied research on landscape-level planning and management in order to address cumulative impacts, particularly related to biodiversity, wildlife habitat and species at risk.***

**Response:** Work aligned with this recommendation has been underway for several months. Prior to receiving the review of the South Panuke Forest Harvest, DNR had started the process of developing a biodiversity-based work plan that will bring together expertise from both our Wildlife and Forestry divisions. This work plan will support the implementation of landscape level planning. At the policy level, we will soon be interacting with stakeholders around a new forest policy, the cornerstone of which we propose will be to mandate landscape level planning and management on Crown lands. A project to pilot this process on the lands licensed to Port Hawkesbury Paper has been in development since this past summer, and is due to launch in spring 2015.

**Progress to date:** Development of a Forest Biodiversity workplan is underway as both Wildlife and Forestry Divisions work collaboratively on forested land use planning challenges. Engagement of internal DNR staff and external stakeholders on a new Forest Resource Management for Crown Lands Policy is expected to begin in Fall 2015. A pilot project with Port Hawkesbury Paper has begun and a steering committee is currently working on steps to prepare and execute a landscape scale plan.

**Recommendation #6: *Modify pre-treatment assessment to reflect lessons from the South Panuke harvest.***

**Response:** The Department of Natural Resources has been working for the past two years to incorporate biodiversity considerations into harvest management prescriptions. This work will continue and the pre-treatment assessments will incorporate these considerations as they are developed.

As part of this work, DNR will undertake a review of buffer requirements on Crown Land as they pertain to thermal cover and travel corridors. Existing requirements for buffers on Crown Land will subsequently be updated to reflect the findings of this review.

The Department is committed to the Mainland Moose Recovery Plan and is continuing to examine special management practices that can contribute to the recovery process. We are currently conducting specific field research as to the thermal properties of various forms of cover patches and will modify our practices based on the outcomes of this research, with initial results expected later this year.

**Progress to date:** The pre-treatment assessment data collection program has been modified to include biodiversity considerations when determining harvest management prescriptions. A review of buffer requirements is on-going through our Wildlife and Forestry Divisions. Fieldwork of a research project to better understand the thermal properties of cover patches for Mainland Moose is underway. Based on the research findings, DNR will review patch retention requirements for Moose.

**Recommendation #7: *Clarify and standardize the decision-making process for management of forest harvesting from policy to operations.***

**Response:** DNR agrees with the intent of this recommendation and will continue to work to achieve common understanding among the several hundred staff and stakeholders who are directly involved in the various stages of forest harvesting. To this end, the Department will update and strengthen existing tools such as policy statements and manuals. We have produced a process map to help interested individuals understand the hierarchy of steps from forest management planning through to implementation and how the various policies, standards guidelines etc., interact. This has been posted to our website.

In the fall of 2014, DNR began posting forest harvest maps to our website. The intent of these maps is to help all involved better understand what type of forest harvesting is proposed for what locations. To increase the information available to understand how the decisions were arrived at, it is our goal within the next year to have the pre-treatment assessments available on the department website. To increase

transparency and accountability, we will be updating our pre-treatment assessment forms to provide information as to responsibilities and input of all persons contributing to the pre-treatment assessment, as well as the dates associated with the various decisions.

**Progress to date:** Senior department staff have communicated messages of consistency in application of policies and procedures between DNR Regions province-wide. The Department continues work on a new Forest Resources Management for Crown Lands Policy that will strengthen and clarify forest management decision making. The Hierarchical Planning document released on the DNR website detailing our approach to land use planning continues to be discussed with staff and stakeholders. Our Harvest Management Group is working to strengthen the Tactical planning step in our planning hierarchy with a focus on Western Crown Lands. Production and release of harvest maps continues with Pre-treatment Assessment forms being prepared for release with the harvest maps.

**Recommendation #8: Obtain FSC certification for all Provincial Crown lands in Mainland NS.**

**Response:** The Department of Natural Resources is committed to sustainable forest management and endorses both the Sustainable Forestry Initiative Principles for Sustainable Forestry and the Forest Stewardship Council Principles and Criteria as well as its standards of the Maritime Forest Region. It is important to note that DNR has met in the past year with Forest Stewardship Council Canada and various auditors to ensure that this standard could be maintained within the Province.

Nova Scotia is the only Provincial government in Canada to actually hold an Forest Stewardship Council certificate for Crown lands in the name of the Province. Clearly this is an unparalleled commitment to certification which is unmatched by any other Canadian Jurisdiction.

Currently, 55% of all Crown land in Nova Scotia is certified under internationally recognized certification systems, either the Sustainable Forestry Initiative the Sustainable Forestry Initiative or the Forest Stewardship Council certification systems. Of the currently certified lands 79% is certified under the Forest Stewardship Certification system.

Obtaining and maintaining certification is a requirement for those who seek long term management rights on Crown Land through a Fibre Utilization and License Agreement. There are currently discussions being planned to establish a Fibre Utilization and License Agreement for Western Crown lands. When the Fibre Utilization and License Agreement is achieved, it will require the area to be certified.

**Progress to date:** Forest Stewardship Council (FSC) Certification in the Medway District on Western Crown lands continues to be maintained in addition to Sustainable Forestry Initiative (SFI) Certification for all Western Crown lands acquired from Bowater Mersey. Any new Fibre Utilization and License Agreement signed for Crown lands will require certification.

**Recommendation # 9: *Place more emphasis on public engagement in terms of information, education and collaboration.***

**Response:** Last fall, for the first time, DNR posted proposed harvest maps and accepted community feedback to those plans. That information sharing has been augmented by providing e-mail notification to citizens who request it, when proposed harvest maps are added or updated.

Before the end of 2015, DNR will ensure stakeholder interaction committees with respect to forest management on Crown lands are functioning in the three major regions of the Province, i.e. Western, Central and Eastern Nova Scotia. The mandate of these committees will be to provide a platform for dialogue, feedback and advice on planning for all Crown Land in each of those regions. This will give a direct voice to affected stakeholders and provide a way to share information and build common understandings around the complexities of forest management.

In addition to these stakeholder committees, DNR is working towards establishing a Science Advisory Committee to be comprised of leading subject matter experts in areas such as Forest Science, Biodiversity, Ecological Planning and Spatial Modeling. The primary focus of the Science Committee will be to provide advice and recommendations to identify research gaps and opportunities to support the implementation of landscape level management.

DNR is currently engaged in a wide range of public resource education both through the direct efforts of staff and through support of various stakeholder groups. All of these efforts will be reviewed with the intent to identify further opportunities to inform the public of the range of factors that influence decision regarding forest harvesting in the province.

**Progress to date:** Harvest map updates continue on Western Crown lands and this effort will expand to all Crown lands by the end of the fiscal (March 2016) year. Stakeholder Interaction Committees (SIC) are established in both the east and western ends of the Province. DNR intends to establish a SIC in the Central Region by the end of 2015. The Minister of Natural Resources has recently announced the members of Department's Science Committee who, with internal staff, will provide advice and recommendations to identify research gaps and opportunities to support

the implementation of landscape scale management. The Minister has also just announced the 2015 Woodland Owners of the Year. This award provides excellent opportunities to communicate about forest management activities during the field days held over a weekend at each of the owner's woodlots. Nova Scotia recently hosted the Canadian Woodlands Forum English Atlantic Teacher's Tour where DNR staff made a presentation on Forest Management in Nova Scotia and spent the day touring with teachers from the Maritime Provinces.

**Recommendation #10:** *Revisit these recommendations within six months to advise the Public on steps that have been taken, and at subsequent twelve month intervals to determine progress in implementation and to rectify any roadblocks that may stand in the way of achieving the stated objectives.*

**Response:** DNR will provide a public progress report relative to the commitments contained in our responses to the recommendations, at six and twelve months from the date of this release.

**Progress to date:** As committed, the Department provides this 6-month update on progress made on the recommendations by the Mersey Forest Advisory Committee regarding the harvest at South Panuke Lake.







