

LEGEND

MESOZOIC JURASSIC	FUNDY GROUP SCOTS BAY FORMATION (EJSB): sandy limestone (ls), calcareous sandstone (ss), and sandstone (ss).
TRIASSIC-JURASSIC	NORTH MOUNTAIN FORMATION (TJNM): basalt (b).
TRIASSIC	BLOMIDON FORMATION (LTB): Shale, siltstone (slt), sandstone (ss).
	WOLFVILLE FORMATION (LTW): Sandstone (ss), siltstone (slt), shale (sh), red conglomerate (cgl).
PALAEZOIC LATE CARBONIFEROUS	PICTOU GROUP SCOTCH VILLAGE FORMATION (LCsc): grey sandstone (ss), shale (sh).
CARBONIFEROUS	CANSO GROUP WATERING BROOK FORMATION (C WB): grey siltstone (slt), sandstone (ss), gypsum (gyp), anhydrite (anh).
EARLY CARBONIFEROUS	WINDSOR GROUP (EC W) Undivided
	MURPHY ROAD FORMATION (EC/MR): siltstone (slt), minor gypsum (gyp), and the following sequence of limestones: Kennetcook: K Wallace Point: WP Meander River: MR Avon: A Brooklyn Station: BS Herbert River: HR
	PESAQUID LAKE FORMATION (EC/PL): siltstone (slt), and the following sequence of limestones: Lebreau: L Pesaquid: Psq
	WENTWORTH STATION FORMATION (EC/wS): gypsum, minor siltstone (slt), and the following sequence of carbonate rocks: North 60 Dolostone: N60 Dimock Limestone: D Phillips Limestone: P St. Croix Limestone: StC
	MILLER CREEK FORMATION (EC/MC): gypsum (gyp), minor siltstone (slt), and the following sequence of carbonate members, and a marker bed: Sandford Limestone: S Big Red Siltstone: BR Slt Chambers Limestone: C Belmont Limestone: B Mantua Limestone: Man Fisher Limestone: F McCulloch Dolostone: McC
	TENNYCAPE FORMATION (EC/T): red sandy shale (sh), siltstone (slt), minor gypsum (gyp), and anhydrite (anh). (Occurs in the Walton-Cheverie Area mapped by Boyle (1972) GSC Bull 166).
	WHITE QUARRY FORMATION (EC/wQ): anhydrite (anh), salt, minor limestone (ls).
	PEMBROKE FORMATION (EC/P): limestone conglomerate (ls-cgl)
	MACUMBER FORMATION (EC/M): thin bedded arenaceous limestone (ls).
	HORTON GROUP CHEVERIE FORMATION (ECc): Upper Member (ECc/u): Siltstone (slt), sandstone (ss), shale (sh).
	Lower Member (ECc/l): arkose (ark), sandstone (ss), siltstone (slt), conglomerate (cgl).
	HORTON BLUFF FORMATION (ECb): Upper Member (ECb/u): shale (sh), siltstone (slt), sandstone (ss).
	Glass Sand marker bed (ECb/u/gs)
	Middle Member (ECb/m): shale (sh), minor dolostone (ds) and limestone (ls), and the following named unit: Middle shale unit.
	Lower Member (ECb/l): sandstone (ss), conglomerate (cgl), siltstone (slt), shale (sh), and the following sequence of units: Lower mudstone unit with siltstone bed in places
	Lower siltstone unit
	Lower sandstone unit
	Lower conglomerate unit
DEVONIAN - CARBONIFEROUS	Leucogranite (DClg), muscovite, biotite monzogranite with pegmatitic material: Murphy Lake Unit (DClgML). Monzogranite, porphyritic, muscovite, minor biotite: Lake George Unit (DCmgLG) Monzogranite/granodiorite, porphyritic, biotite with minor muscovite: Gaspereau Lake Unit (DCmg/gdGL). Granodiorite (DCgd) porphyritic, abundant biotite.
SILURIAN	NEW CANAAN FORMATION (LSN): mafic, lithic tuff (mltf), mafic agglomerate (mag), mafic amygdaloidal lava (mal), calcareous siltstone (cslt), slate (sl).
ORDOVICIAN-SILURIAN	KENTVILLE FORMATION (LSk): slate (sl), minor siltstone (slt).
	WHITE ROCK FORMATION (OSw) Upper Member (OSw/u) Slate (sl), paraconglomerate (cgl), (These units occur between quartzite beds). Quartzite (qte), (repeated in the stratigraphic succession from two to five times). Lower Member (OSw/l): rhyolitic tuff, basalt, quartzite, siltstone etc. (Not mapped east of Gaspereau Lake, West Half, GSC Map 1346A, Mem 375).
CAMBRIAN-ORDOVICIAN	MEGUMA GROUP HALIFAX FORMATION (COH): slate (sl), minor siltstone (slt), and metamorphosed Halifax Formation (COm).
	GOLDENVILLE FORMATION (COG): greywacke (gwk), metagreywacke containing porphyroblasts (gwk2), siltstone (slt).
	Mafic sills and dykes associated with periods of intrusive and extrusive activity throughout the geological column: basalt (Mb), diabase (Mdb), diorite (Md), spilitic sills (Mspl), chlorite schist (Msch).

SYMBOLS

Rock outcrop: marker bed, areas of outcrop	.....
sedimentary rock, rubble	.....
granitoid rock, granodiorite, granite	.....
Geological boundary (defined, assumed)	.....
Lateral facies change (assumed)	.....
Bedding (inclined, vertical, overturned)	.....
Cleavage, schistosity, gneissosity (inclined, vertical)	.....
Lineations (fold axis, bedding-cleavage intersection derived lineation)	.....
Facing of beds (dips of bedding and cleavage, graded bedding, cross bedding, channel filling)	.....
Joint (inclined, vertical)	.....
Fault (defined, assumed)	.....
Anticline, syncline	.....
Glacial striae (direction of movement known, unknown)	.....
Glacial striae, numbers indicate relative age, 1 being older	.....
Fossil locality in bedrock	.....
Spore locality in bedrock	.....
Fossil tree root (may include stump) in Recent sediments	.....
Fossil oyster bed in Recent sediments	.....
Fossil clam bed in Recent sediments	.....
Depression generally a sink hole	.....
Karst topography	.....
Drill Hole, vertical	.....
Drill Hole, vertical with geology projected up the dip to surface	.....
Overburden with vertical depth in metres	.....
Drilling Record of Nova Scotia Department of Mines and Energy, Government Core Drills	R2352

Drill Hole number of Nova Scotia Department of Environment DE215

Drill Hole number of Nova Scotia Department of Transportation DT6

Drill Hole number of Dominion Rock Salt Company Limited DRS/1

Drill Hole number of Getty Mines Limited

Drill Hole number of New Jersey Zinc (Canada) Limited .. NJZ/2

Drill Hole number of Saarberg Interplan (Canada) Limited S1/307

Drill Hole number of Scurry-Rainbow Oil Limited .. SR1/1

Drill Hole number of Sladen (Quebec) Limited .. SQ/2

Volcanic collapse structure known, assumed

Radioactive anomaly in bedrock, boulders, soil

Resistivity low in ohmmeters

Mineral occurrence: manganese, barite, X Mn, Ba

Map and publication references for this area and adjacent areas:

Hantsport Area by Stewart A. Ferguson 1980-1982, Nova Scotia Department of Mines and Energy Map 83-1 at a scale of 1 : 25 000 and white prints of the same area at a scale of 1 : 10 000 Nova Scotia Department of Mines and Energy Open File Map 557.

Windsor Area by Reginald G. Moore 1963-1983 and Stewart A. Ferguson 1980-1985 at a scale of 1 : 25 000 Nova Scotia Department of Mines and Energy Map 86-2 and white prints of the same area at a scale of 1 : 10 000 Nova Scotia Department of Mines and Energy Open File Map 85-04.

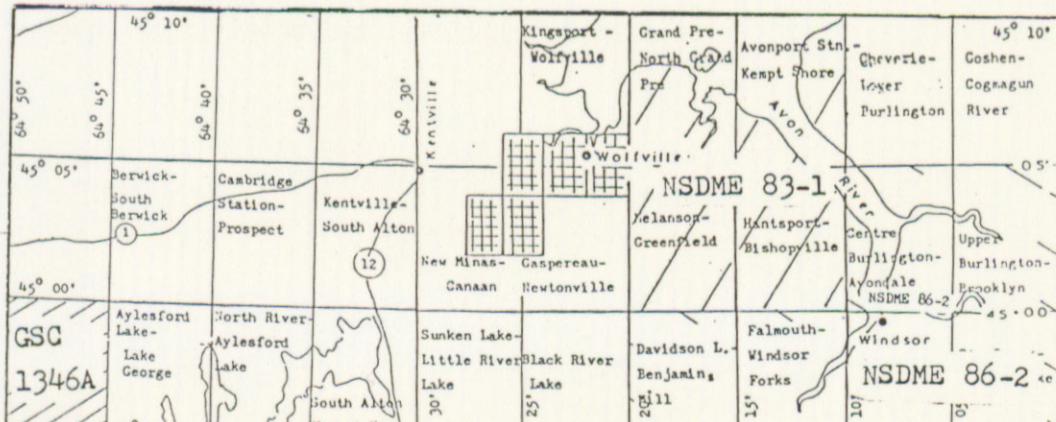
Wolfville - White Rock Area by Stewart A. Ferguson 1978-1980 at a scale of 1 : 4 800 Nova Scotia Department of Mines and Energy Open File Map 479.

Gaspereau Lake Area and Windsor Area by George R. Stevens 1980-1981, digital prints and interpretative maps of Landsat -1 linears at a scale if 1 : 50 000, Nova Scotia Department of Mines and Energy Open File Map

South Mountain Batholith by M.A. MacDonald, M.C. Corey, L.J. Ham and R.J. Horne Nova Scotia Department of Mines and Energy Report 87-1 pp 107-122.

Windsor Area by L.J. Ham and R.J. Horne (1987) geological mapping of the South Mountain Batholith at a scale of 1 : 50 000, Nova Scotia Department of Mines and Energy Map 87-7.

Walton Area by R.W. Boyle (1969) Geological Survey of Canada, Bulletin 166.



WOLFVILLE PROJECT

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