



Road Safety Vision 2010 Progress Report (2002)

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Cover photo - Highway 101, Lower Sackville taken from Old Sackville Road overpass looking westerly by Doug Smith.

Introduction

Canada's road safety community, including Nova Scotia, adopted road safety targets in the fall of 2000. These targets, outlined in the document *Road Safety Vision 2010*, were endorsed by Canada's Ministers of Transportation and Highway Safety and the Canadian Council of Motor Transport Administrators (CCMTA).

The national targets call for decreases of 30 per cent in the average numbers of road users killed or seriously injured during the 2008–2010 period as compared to 1996–2001, with specific goals to

• increase seat belt and proper child restraint use

• reduce casualties resulting from non-use of restraint systems, drinking and driving, speed and intersection related crashes, and high-risk road user behavior

• decrease casualties resulting from crashes occurring on rural roadways or involving young drivers or riders, vulnerable road users and commercial carriers

The vision includes the following sub-targets that reflect Canada's major road safety problem areas:

• minimum seat belt rates of 95 per cent and proper use of child restraints by all motor vehicle occupants

• a 40 per cent decrease in the number of unbelted fatally or seriously injured occupants

• a 40 per cent decrease in the number of road users fatally or seriously injured in crashes involving a drinking driver

• a 20 per cent reduction in the number of road users killed or seriously injured in speed and intersection related crashes

• a 20 per cent decrease in the number of drivers who commit three high-risk driving infractions (two if they are alcohol-related) within a two-year time frame

• a 20 per cent decrease in the number of young drivers/riders (those aged 16–19 years) killed or seriously injured in crashes

• a 20 per cent decrease in the number of road users killed or seriously injured in crashes involving commercial carriers

• a 30 per cent decrease in the number of vulnerable road users (pedestrians, motorcyclists and cyclists) killed or seriously injured

• a 40 per cent decrease in the number of road users fatally or seriously injured on rural roadways

Achieving or surpassing the Vision's overall national target will make road travel safer and save thousands of lives; it will substantially lower serious injury and considerably reduce societal costs.

Over the next several years Nova Scotia, through the Road Safety Advisory Committee, will develop and implement measures aimed at achieving the RSV 2010 goals. This report establishes the baseline data and calculates the overall target and sub targets as defined by CCMTA.

Crunching the Numbers

In Nova Scotia all collisions on public roads involving injuries, fatalities, or property damage over \$1000 must be reported to the police or the Registry of Motor Vehicles. These agencies send completed collision report forms to Service Nova Scotia and Municipal Relations where they are entered into the Nova Scotia Collision Record Database.

This report relies on statistics obtained from the database in December 2003. The database is constantly being updated. It is possible that data could have been entered into the database since then that would change some of the numbers we have used.

We calculated individual RSV 2010 targets by averaging the number of serious injuries and fatalities for each category over the 1996 to 2001 time frame and then applying the assigned reduction factor. The target for seatbelt usage, however, was assigned. The overall target and sub-targets were then plotted along with the yearly data from 1996 to 2002.

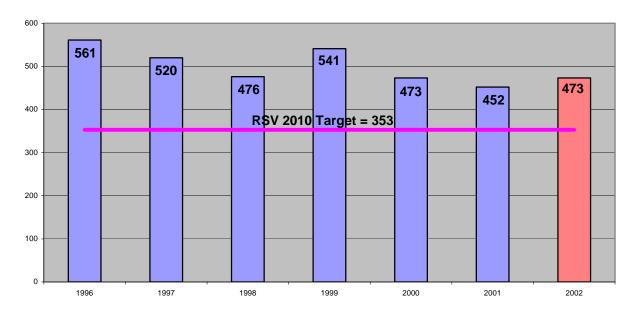
The yearly data and resulting targets are shown in the Appendix A.

Information on Road Safety Vision 2010 is found at the Transport Canada website: <u>http://www.tc.gc.ca/roadsafety/vision/menu.htm</u>

Nova Scotia collision information is available on the TPW website: <u>http://www.gov.ns.ca/tran/Publications/publications.stm</u>

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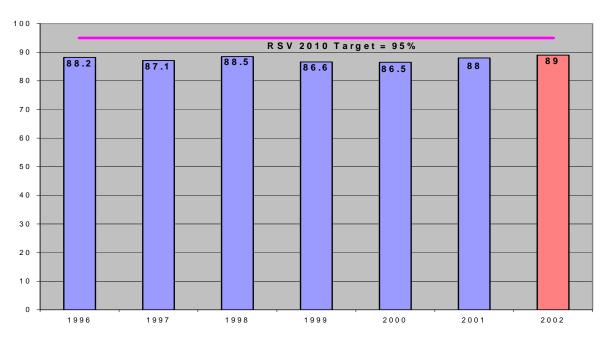
<u>Road Users Killed or Seriously Injured</u> (Fig. 1) The 2002 figure for this target is 35 per cent above the target with the 2002 value up slightly from 2001.





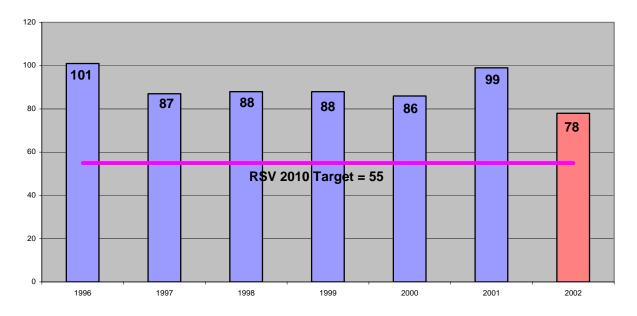
Seat Belt Rates (Fig. 2)

The 2002 percentage of 89 per cent is the highest since 1996, but still 6 per cent below the subtarget of 95 per cent.



Percentage of All Occupants Wearing Seatbelts in Light-Duty Vehicles (Fig. 2)

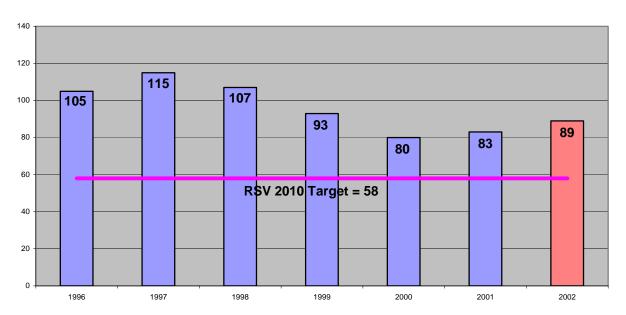
<u>Unbelted Fatally or Seriously Injured Occupants</u> (Fig. 3) The 2002 figure is 42 per cent higher than the sub-target, but does represent the lowest value since 1996.



Unbelted Fatality or Seriously Injured Occupants (Fig. 3)

Road Users Fatally or Seriously Injured in Crashes Involving a Drinking Driver (Fig. 4)

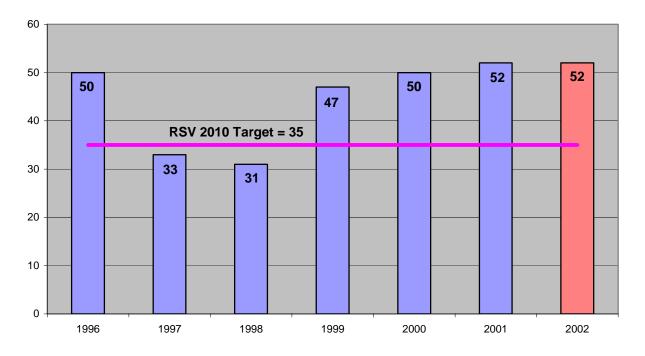
The 2002 value is 53 per cent higher than the sub-target and has increased both years since 2000, which was the lowest since 1996.



Road Users Killed or Seriously Injured Involving a Drinking Driver (Fig. 4)

Road Users Killed or Seriously Injured in Speed Related Crashes (Fig 5)

The 2002 figure is 49 per cent higher than the sub-target and has shown a yearly increase since 1998.

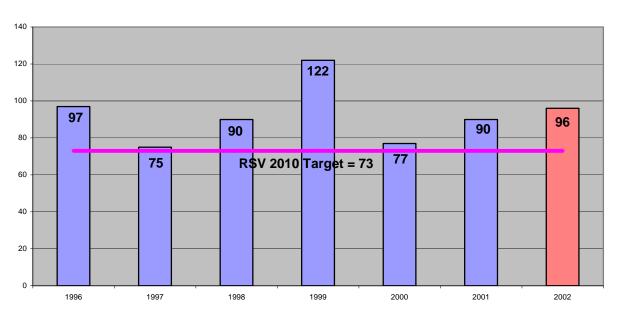




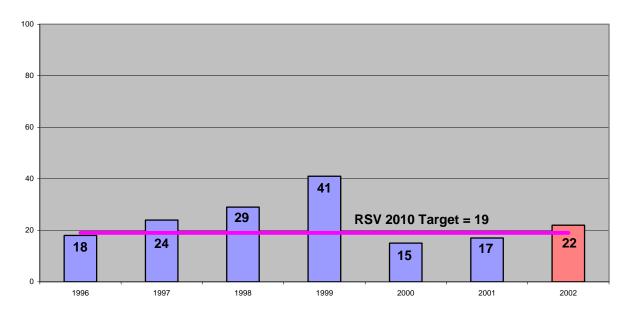
Road Users Killed or Seriously Injured in Intersection Related Crashes (Fig. 6)

The 2002 figure is 32 per cent higher than the sub-target and has increased in each of the last 2 years.





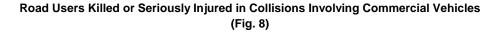
Young Drivers / Riders (aged 16-19 years) Killed or Seriously Injured in Crashes (Fig. 7) The 2002 figure is 16 per cent higher than the sub-target and has increased in each of the last 2 years, which were below the sub-target.

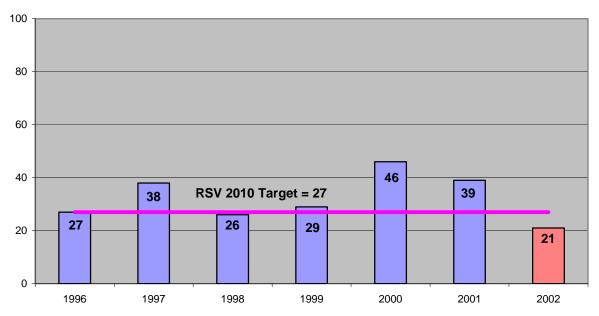


Young Drivers / Riders Killed or Seriously Injured in Collisions (Fig. 7)

Road Users Killed or Seriously Injured in Crashes Involving Commercial Carriers (Fig. 8)

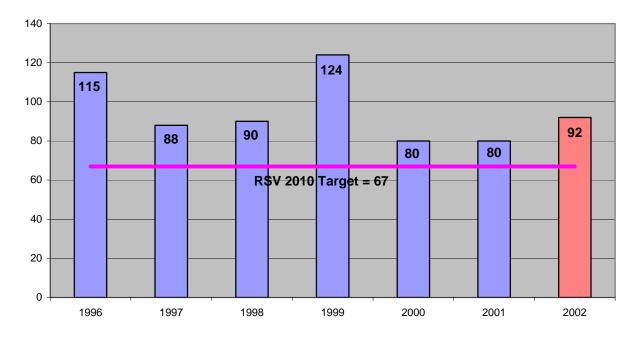
The 2002 figure is 22 per cent below the sub-target and has dropped for each of the 2 years since 2000, which was a 7-year high.





Vulnerable Road Users (pedestrians, motorcyclists and cyclists) Killed or Seriously Injured (Fig. 9)

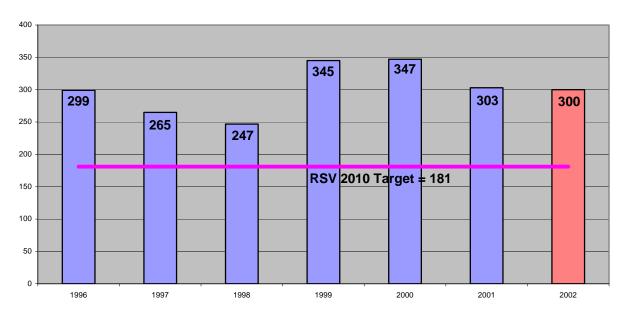
The 2002 figure is 37 per cent higher than the sub-target and other than a couple of peaks the number has stayed consistently between 80 and 90 persons killed or seriously injured per year.



Vulnerable Road Users Killed or Seriously Injured (Pedestrians, Motorcyclists & Bicyclists) (Fig. 9)

Road Users Fatally or Seriously Injured on Rural Roadways (Fig. 10)

The 2002 figure is 65 per cent higher than the sub-target and exactly the same as the 7-year (1996–2002) average.



Road Users Killed or Seriously Injured on Rural Roads (Fig. 10)

Appendix A

Road Safety Vision 2010 Targets								RSV 2010 Target
Total Road Users Killed or Seriously Ir	niured							rargot
·····,	•	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	
Killed Seriously Injured Total	113 448 561	89 431 520	84 392 476		87 386 473	80 372 452		353
Unbelted Fatality or Seriously Injured Occupants								
1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002								
Drivers Killed Drivers Seriously Injured Passengers Killed Passengers Seriously Injured	21 38 14 28	14	22 31 9 26	21 30 11 26	19 34 9 24	23 44 9 23	35 9	
Total	101	87	88	88	86	99		55
Road Users Killed or Seriously Injured Involving a Drinking Driver								
	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	
Killed Seriously Injured Total	29 76 105	81	33 74 107		25 55 80	25 58 83	59	58
Road Users Killed or Seriously Injured in Speed Related								
Collisions								
	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	
Killed Seriously Injured Total	13 37 50	21	9 22 31	17 30 47	15 35 50	15 37 52		35
Road Users Killed or Seriously Injured in Intersection Related								
Collisions	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	
Killed Seriously Injured Total	17 80 97	67	12 78 90	98		13 77 90	85	73
Road Users Killed or Seriously Injured in Collisions Involving Commercial Vehicles								
	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	
Killed Seriously Injured Total	7 20 27	30	9 17 26	13 16 29	7 39 46	13 26 39	13	27

Vulnerable Road Users Killed or Seriou Injured (Pedestrians, Motorcyclists & Bicyclist	:s)	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	RSV 2010 Target
Pedestrians Killed Pedestrians Seriously Injured Total Pedestrians	19 53 72	10 45 55	11 33 44	13 56 69	38	7 33 40	12 33 45	
Motorcyclists Killed Motorcyclists Seriously Injured Total Motorcyclists	4 28 32	3 21 24	6 29 35		23		6 36 42	
Bicyclists Killed Bicyclists Seriously Injured Total Bicyclists	1 10 11	2 7 9	1 10 11	4 8 12		1 5 6	1 4 5	
Total Killed Total Seriously Injured Grand Total	24 91 115	15 73 88	18 72 90	100	64	13 67 80	19 73 92	67
Road Users Killed or Seriously Injured on Rural Roadways								
	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	
Killed Seriously Injured Total	93 206 299	72 193 265	72 175 247	267	271	66 237 303		181
Young Drivers / Riders (16-19) Killed or Seriously Injured in								
Collisions	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	
Total Killed Total Seriously Injured Grand Total	6 12 18	6 18 24	3 26 29	9 32 41	1 14 15	1 16 17	3 19 22	19
Percentage of All Occupants Wearing Seatbelts in Light- Duty Vehicles								
	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	
	88.2	87.1	88.5	86.6	86.5	88	89	95

Target = Average of 1996 to 2001 minus Reduction Factor

Appendix B

Definitions

PDO - property damage only

Injury - any visible injury or complaint of pain

Minor Injury - no treatment required

Moderate Injury - treated and released from hospital

Major (serious) Injury - hospitalized

Fatal - death as a direct result of a collision within 30 days

Urban - metropolitan roads and streets and other urban areas - a speed limit of 60 km/h or less

Rural - primary and secondary highways, as well as local streets - a speed limit exceeding 60 km/h

SNS&MR - Service Nova Scotia and Municipal Relations

TPW - Nova Scotia Transportation & Public Works

HRM - Halifax Regional Municipality

CBRM - Cape Breton Regional Municipality